## HAWAII'S POLICE **METHODS UNDER HOT CRITICISM**

## Reimbursement For Telephone Rent Provided After All Day Discussion.

Sheriff Lorrin Andrews, of Hawaii, was the subject under discussion almost the entire day in the House after the conclusion of the morning business. It was a day for the Knocker's Club, and a majority of the members of the House took a shy at the sheriff. The tory, perfecting the improvement of the matter came up on the proposal of Vida, who is the chairman of the city's streets and architectural attrac-Police Committee, to put in the unpaid bills appropriations an item for the reimbursement of the Hawaii police for the pay of telephones ernment upon the basis of a business

The discussion took wide latitude, Kaniho even wishing to add a rider providing for the dismissal from office of Andrews, but this was, of course, ruled out of order. The levy for uniforms likewise drew out a deal of discussion and there were compliments paid to the police able address made yesterday afternoon of Kauai and Maui by members from those islands, simply to show the by F. W. Dohrmann of San Francisco, contrast between them and Hawaii and Oahu. This island came in for before the Merchants' Association. some criticism, but not of the sort that was given to the big isle.

The rest of the time was devoted to the discussion of Paele's plan for an examination of the lepers on Molokai, to see if some should not the late w. w. Dimond, with whom be released, and the passage of the expense bill. Under the latter head the had been associated in business, it seemed a hopeless task to try to there was a laugh created by the bill proposed by Kealawaa, the rapid and whom he succeeds as president of reform it. Still by co-operating with fire member from Hilo, who wanted to appropriate \$18,000 for session Dimond & Co., Mr. Dohrmann spoke expenses, \$13,000 for the House and \$5,000 for the Senate, repealing of the improvements of Honolulu since the Senate bill which made their appropriation, but it was decided to be too late, as the measure was already law and the money under it has been paid in part.

The Senate discussed for a moment the bill of the House for its unpaid bills, there being exception taken to the fact that the prices for the Senate's printing were so much lower than those of the House, where no bids were asked, and then some of the senators thought there ment of better government is nine should be provision for the event of the failure to make good of the County Bill. The result was the putting of the eighteen months' appropriation measure over for confmittee consideration.

that money could not be appropriated

the expenses of the said committee."

The second reading of the new ex-

his readiness to accept the measure as

now submitted. Chairman Andrade rose

to say that as chairman of that com-

seen the Governor, had not considered

it necessary, but had drawn the bill in

accordance with law, and the Governor

could sign it or not as he chose. The

bill was passed under suspension of

ON UNPAID BILLS.

whole on the unpaid bills. The report

of the sub-committee on the high lift

pump contracts was received, the com-

terms of the agreement. The appropriation was therefore recommended.

TO REPAY POLICE.

Oili maintained that the proper

from the salaries of police. He could

GOES AFTER ANDREWS.

the government to repay the money and have the Attorney-General prosecute

(Continued on page 5.)

Beckley said the proper thing was for

charged up as police service.

ed.

mittee he would say that he had not

## IN THE HOUSE.

Better feeling existed when the House met yesterday morning and the first thing done was the withdrawal by Mr. Fernandez of his resignation. On the suggestion of Speaker Beckley all reference to the matter was stricken from the journal of the House.

Chaplain H. Manase presented a peti

tion setting forth that he is now and hy joint resolution; has been serving as chaplain at Oahu "Resolved, That Prison, without compensation since the death of the Rev. J. Waiamau, who rethat time as assistant chaplain. He asks an appropriation of \$25 a month for twenty months. Sheriff Brown endorsed the petition that the auditor refused to grant warrants against pay of guards and lunas. This went to the

Wright presented a resolution direct-ing the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove a flower vase, which stood half filled with water on the desk of Harris, as it was breeding mosquitoes. would not entertain it.

Miscellaneous Committee.

Paele proposed a resolution appropriating \$50,000 in the Loan Bill, for the erection and maintenance of a govern ment hospital at Keaalau, Kaneohe, Koolaupoko, Oahu. Tabled for consid-

## FOR NEW BILLS.

Mr. Kealawaa gave notice of his in tention to introduce the following bill: An Act to appropriate money for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the extra session of the Legislature of Territory of Hawaii of the year 1903, from the Public Treasury, and to repeal Act 2 of the extra session of

Mr. Chillingworth gave notice of the following bill: "An Act making special appropriations for the immediate use of the Treasury Department."

TO INSPECT LEPERS. Paele introduced the following joint resolution, which was adopted by 25

"Whereas, there are many persons now at the leper settlement on the Island of Molokai, who have not been microscopically examined by the Territorial bacteriologist and the bacilli lepra have not been demonstrated by such scientific process to exist in said per-

sons, although listed as lepers; and, "Whereas, that only the presence of such bacilli lepra in any alleged lep-rous person would justify such person being declared and classed a leper;

"Whereas, it is necessary to examine microscopically those alleged persons from the salaries of police. He could under the charge and supervision of a not, he said, vote for the appropriacommittee from the present Legislature, tion. and find out whether such alleged lep-rous persons have the lepra bacilli in their systems, or whether any of them had once had the disease of leprosy, but now, is not a person in a condition to spread the disease of leprosy which alone justifies segregation; therefore

Resolved, That said committee have full authority and power to select one breaking for the Sheriff to make police or two medical experts on leprosy to sign vouchers for a higher sum than accompany them to the said ieper settlement, and with the assistance of the had this man and passed him on to president of the Board of Health or Hawall, as a relic. any person appointed by him, to examine the said alleged leprous persons

# DOHRMANN SPEAKS TO MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

Sound Sense On the Subject Of Advertising a Place of Tourist Attractions---What a Busi- Result of a Storm and Flood In ness Organization Can Do To Advance the Interests Of a Community.

Promotion of tourist traffic by judi- Merchants' Association should plan maintaining a continuous representation at Washington to secure appropriations and benefits for the Territions, obtaining good municipal goventerprise, preventing an abuse of the credit system, checking the abuse of charitable subscriptions and improving the commercial conditions of Ho-Mr. Dohrmann was introduced by

Association. lic improvements and zation. That is not strange in a commercial city, but I was surprised a few months ago on the occasion of a visit to Washington, D. C., to find a busiat large."

The resolution originally contained

his visit here three years ago, and he

made then had been acted upon by the

the following, which was stricken out pecially able to see both sides of a a moral way. They mean well, but I after Speaker Beckley had explained question, to give and to take, to make have yet to find the first association hat money could not be appropriated allowances, as his calling requires him that stands for a crusade of that kind. I would advise this association to conference. That the sum of \$2,000 be reason why commercial organizations fine itself to practical reforms. and is hereby appropriated to defray have been very successful. In Chicathe managers of Marshall, Field & Co. transportation, and that was all. ense bill brought up a question from the chair as to whether or not the com-mittee had asked the Governor as to such an organization is not so valua-ble as the merchant, for the profes-European cities have been built and sional man sees only one side of a made attractive, is that everything question. He is trained for that purthat offends the senses of its citizens

missions of the Merchants' Association thing of that kind is offensive, it is are. It is our interest to see that a proper subject for investigation. commerce and trade are fostered and "The Merchants' Association sho advanced. The questions that con-stantly come up in trade require look-roundings and enable us to enjoy life. ON UNPAID BILLS.

The House went into committee of the San Francicso they will discuss "Cred-whole on the unpaid bills. The report it." Then a paper will be read on the with a regularity of style of architecture. "Merchant in History," giving views ture, on the value of the merchant in the "Y

erate with the charitable organizations than if he were a millionaire, bestow-TO REPAY POLICE. in San Francisco to come to some senon motion of Vida there was presible conclusion as to who shall call In answer to a question Mr. Dohr. ented for insertion in the bill an item upon the business men for assistance, mann said the Association should see of \$1344 for rent of telephones for use In Chicago there is a charitable asso- to it that a continuous representation of police on Hawaii. He explained that clation which collects from the busi-Sheriff Andrews had taken the money ness men \$150,000 a year, and expends purpose of obtaing benefits due Hono-from the salaries of police officers, say- half in salaries. We have found that lulu and the Territory. It is by such ing that there was not sufficient appro- professional solicitors in San Francisco prize prize procession of the way of appropriations. They would go to a It was the same way with the dredcharged up as police service.

kindergarten association say, and offer ging of Honolulu harbor. He said it
Chillingworth seconding this proto get up a benefit for them and give was the duty of the Federal governposal recited the course of Sheriff Anthem \$300 clear, for the use of their ment to dredge and improve the hardrews in Kohala especially, where name. They would sell say, 1500 tick- bor, but the Federal government was police were docked but the money paid ets, and after turning over the \$300 always slow in starting, and efforts police were docked but the money paid ets, and after turning over the \$300 them after the Police Committee had agreed upon, keep \$1,200. These peocalled attention to the shortage in pay. ple come to the merchants all the

back the money he had thus held out in the name of charity.

"The next thing is to stop the trading-stamp abuse. San Francisco was tied up for a while by these trading stamps and the merchants were all paying tribute to the ones who plan-ned the system. I would strongly longed to the Union. If you have not recommend to you when any such a received an appropriation for the imthing comes to you, that you nip it in the bud.

the Sheriff for the money taken from police salaries. He called it plain em-bezzlement for him to take money out "You must create trade and make Federal government should appropri-your attractions known, thereby asof pay of police and use it to pay tele-phone. He said it was clearly law sisting in drawing people here. Take A vote of thanks was a Los Angeles for instance. They have Dohrmann for his address. advertised the city everywhere and people are constantly streaming into They put up four new hotels last

enough to accommodate people. | pressing hope for a suc-

cious advertising all over the mainland, commercial excursions to the islands. The way would be to communicate ganizations in the States, interesting them in the islands, and say if the first excursion comes off next spring that will be time enough for you to prepare. If only you got one from each city you would be doing well, for his disinterested views on your beautiful place will be the advertise-ment you want to bring others. Cooperate with the steamship companies and other transportation lines, for it is their bread and butter, and get them nolulu, were the pertinent points of an interested in the scheme. To bring people here, you must do something of this kind.

"One thing which the Merchants' As-sociation can do well is to co-operate with the municipal government. When President George W. Smith. After our association started ten years ago paying his respect to the memory of we had one of the worst municipal governments, as a whole, it was possible to create. The system was so bad that the officials, we put them on their good behavior and were able to accomplish much more than if we had posed as moral reformers, cursing them, and noted that many of his suggestions then going to our homes without doing anything. We got a new charter. The administration was placed on a business basis and civil service obtainery large city in America," said he, and I think that our municipal gov-"the association that stands for puberica. Your Merchants' Association should plan for the government's needs It is a science. I would recommend to you to follow this matter up.

"The question of what part in poli-tics shall the Merchants' Association at said leper settlement, and to discharge and large meeting while I was there and before which I was called to make an address. Even there in the least combave not the bacilli lepra in their systems, or in condition which will not mercial city in the United States, the conduct of their office. In regard to the moral mission of the Association I organization stood for public improveplay. We have always considered our would like to say that many people seems that the merchant is es- have started out to reform a city in

whave been very successful. In Chicago they have a civic organization with a merchant at the head of it, one of protect life and property, regulate pose, and if he cannot get people to is a proper subject for consideration of go his way, he refuses to play in the other man's back yard.

Is a proper subject for consideration of a government, whether it be anything that affects the air we breathe, or cre-"I would like to analyse what the ates things we see, so long as any

"The Merchants' Association should

pump contracts was received, the committee setting forth the history of the contract and saying that there was a legal obligation to carry through the terms of the agreement. The appropriation was therefore recommended.

The appropriation was adopted by the merchants for charity. The appropriation was adopted by the merchants for charity. The appropriation was adopted by the merchants for charity. The appropriation was adopted by the merchants for charity. The appropriation was therefore recommended.

The appropriation was adopted by the merchants for charity of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards making the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of the desire and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practical citizens of view can do more towards and purpose to hold high, good, earnest, honest, able, practic

is maintained at Washington for the purpose of obtaing benefits due Honoeffort that the best advantages are se-

would have to be made at Washington Kealawaa said that a letter just retime. Of course it is hard for a merbor. Otherwise in order to main almost ceived from the captain of police at chant to withstand a sweet, pretty commerce and trade relations it was Hilo told how out of his last salary of young woman, but there must be a limited duty of the local government to the story of the second of the local government to the story of the second of the local government to the story of the second of the local government to the story of the second of the local government to second of the second of the second of the second of the local government to second of the second of the local government to second of the second of the second of the second of the local government to second of the local Oill maintained that the proper 'We have stopped the blackmail had greatly improved Oakland harbor, course was to force the Sheriff to pay which was levied upon the merchants as it did all other harbors, and if Hoback the money he had thus held out in the name of charity.

tional government, it was a shame. "The Hawaiian Islands are the best paying acquisition to the United States," said Mr. Dohrmann, "considreceived an appropriation for the im-provement of your harbor, then you have certainly been wronged. The

A vote of thanks was accorded Mr.

President Smith read a letter of condolence from the Merchants' Associa-tion of San Francisco on the death of winter, but even then they were not the late W. W. Dimond, and ex-enough to accommodate people. pressing hope for a successful career

# "BIG MUDDY" ON A RAMPAGE NEAR KANSAS CITY

# Northwestern Portion of lowa.

### (ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS,)

TOPEKA, May 28.—The floods in Kansas are the worst in years. Many railroads are submerged.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 28.—Storms and lightning have done great damage throughout the state. Three persons were killed.

KANSAS CITY, MO., May 28.—The Missouri river is rising above the danger point. Many families are moving to higher ground.

The Missouri river at Kansas City is lined by a large number of small shacks, occupied mostly by negroes. These have been there for years and it is likely that they are the ones from which people are moving. The "Big Muddy" is in flood owing to the heavy rains that have followed the recent cyclones in Northwestern Iowa.

## KLONDIKE'S ENORMOUS YIELD OF YELLOW METAL

DAWSON, May 28.—This year's output of gold will exceed that of 1902 by \$3,000,000.

The output of gold from Alaska for the year 1902 was \$21,-000,000. Frequent estimates have been made recently that the output for this year would not be more than \$14,000,000 for the whole Terri-

## Strike May Resume.

DENVER, May 28.-Labor unions claim that the agreement ending the strike has been violated and there may be a renewal of the

## Grand Army Coming.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28 .- It is estimated that 100,000 Grand Army men will attend the August encampment here.

## A Revolutionary Mob.

WORONESCH, May 28.—Ten thousand strikers are threatening revolutionary violence. The Governor has appealed for assistance.

## Howze Vindicated.

WASHINGTON; May 28.—The charges of cruelty against Major Howze in the Philippines have not been sustained.

## Cup From the Kaiser.

BERLIN, May 28.-Kaiser Wilhelm has presented the New York Yacht Club with a gold cup for competition.

## Wu Ting Fang Promoted.

PEKING, May 28 .- Wu Ting Fang, late minister to the United States, has been appointed a member of the Foreign Office.

## Wireless For Solace.

VALLEJO, May 28.—A wireless plant has been installed in the transport Solace.

## Philippine Silver Arrives.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—The America Maru brings two million pesos from the Philippines for recoinage.

## Bremerton Takes Action.

BREMERTON, May 28 .- The City Council has agreed to discontinue all liquor licenses near the navy yard.

## Sambo's Turn Now.

LOS ANGELES, May 28.—The negro question will be the next ssue before the Presbyterian General Assembly.

## Roosevelt In Montana.

BOISE, May 28.—President Roosevelt arrived here to-day.

POCATELLO, May 28.—President Roosevelt arrived here today. NEW YORK, May 28.—Irish Lad won the Brooklyn Handicap today in the presence of an enormous crowd.

LOS ANGELES, May 28.—The Presbyterian General Assembly today considered the revision of faith of the Presbyterian church and approved the change in the creed.

# **GOVERNMENT NURSERY** AND THE NUUANU FOREST

## Plants and Trees Given Away to the Public and Now Growing in the Yards and Parks of the City.

The work of plant distribution as carried on by the government is doing much towards beautifying Honolulu as well as the islands in general. In a report made to Superintendent Cooper, Gardner C. J. Austin in charge of the Government Nursery says that 10,780 plants have been distributed within the past four months. Another report by Forester Haughs illustrates the work of the government in propagating trees in the Nuuanu forest.

The following is the report of Mr. Austin:

Honolulu, T. H., May 18, 1903.

HON. HENRY E. COOPER,

Superintendent of Public Works.

Sir: Herewith I submit a report of work carried on at the Government Nursery during the past five months commencing with January 1st, and a general review of work done during the period of my uary 1st, and a general review of work done during the period of my holding office, as gardener.

I will state that the distribution of plants was discontinued by I will state that the distribution of plants was discussed lights There was a little discussion over the your instructions March 26th, on account of insects and fungus blights There was a little discussion over the your instructions March 26th, on account of insects and fungus blights There was a little discussion over the your for the six months.

The Hilo clerk had no hold upon the graph of the plants o existing here among the plants at that time. Since then I have used that it had been called to his attention that the member had claimed exempevery means at my command towards the annihilation of these blights, but owing to the lack of funds in the appropriation for this purpose 1 have not been able to carry the work to a thoroughly successful issue.

The small plants designed for distribution have been cleaned two or three times, but as I have not been able to protect them from the sions of the House. invasion of ants, they are continually being reinfested. I would recommend the building of raised platforms for a protection against this pest. I would also recommend the building of a small fumigating tend the session it possible temorrow. box that the plants may be more thoroughly cleansed before distributing.

### DISTRIBUTION.

During the past four months there has been distributed 10,780 moved that it be spread upon the journal which was carried. In the course plants. Stock on hand in pots 20,235. Plants in boxes designed for lowed Mr. Harris said that it would forest work 258, averaging thirty plants per box; 7,740. Fifty-three take several days to print the report boxes of Ironwood (Casuarina Equisetifolia) averaging about 200 and he hoped that there would be no plants, 10,600. Palms in boxes 5,750. Other plants, in boxes, uncounted (about 130 boxes).

While Prof. Koebele was absent on his recent trip to Mexico he sent back about fifty-eight varieties of seeds and plants, out of these

about twenty-eight species are at present growing. Besides these, there are a number of plants that came from the Department of Agriculture, at Washington, these have made a good start, but are not suited to our lowlands. They are as follows:

The Oak	lants.	
" Maple	66	
" Maidenhair tree (Salisburia adiantifolia) 4	44	
" Pecon nut 3	"	
" Name rubbed out 4	ш	
-		
Total	lan <i>ts</i> .	
SUMMARY.		
Plants ready for distribution in pots	0,235	
Plants ready for distribution in boxes2-		
Boxes of seeds planted, in various stages of growth	165	
Pots of seeds planted	28	
Empty pots on hand, about	600	

EXPERIMENTS IN THE USE OF INSECTICIDES. We have carried on several experiments in the use of insecticides. Most of the work has been done with sprays, and have met with varied which convulsed the house and carried NOAR PRESENTS success. The mixtures that have given the most satisfactory results his resolution.

are the Kerosene Emulsion and Resin soap. I have from time to time made up batches of the Kerosene Emulsion and Resin soap for people who have desired them, and The chairman, Harris, called on Kupihave been willing to pay for the material used. The few experiments carried on in the use of hydrocyanic acid gas have been very interesting and quite successful.

The fumigating box and material used in these experiments have been paid for out of my private funds, owing to exhausted condition of the appropriation for materials and supplies, and a desire on my part to carry on the study of this subject while the demand on my time for other things was not so pressing.

In the past few months I have started a series of experiments in budding, with the hope of obtaining a strong, hardy, root system, that is insured to the climate and conditions of the soil, and a tree that will be sure to bear the best variety of fruit.

The success or failure of these experiments cannot be thoroughly demonstrated in much less than four or five years time. This seems Senate Bill No. 2, in the committee. a long time to wait for results, but I feel that it is one step towards | The first business was the considerathe improvement of our Island fruits.

## NECESSARY REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE late, insisting against the protest of

The lath or batton shed in which the palms are kept is in a very shaky condition, and is in need of repairs soon. In giving a rough estimate for these repairs I would say it will probably cost forty or menths. fifty dollars. There is another recommendation I would like to bring before you, that is, the necessity of having a lath or protecting shed over the boxes used for germinating seeds. In my records of the past year and a half I find only forty or fifty per cent of seeds planted produce plants suitable for distribution, and believe that if the young plants were properly protected a larger percentage could be saved.

C. J. AUSTIN, Gardener.

FORESTER'S REPORT.

Mr. Haughs reports as follows:

Honolulu, T. H., May 14, 1903.

HON. H. E. COOPER,

Superintendent of Public Works.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of work done at Nuuanu Forest Station for the past five months. The principal work has been planting trees, clearing grass and vines away from as that of Wailuku, and then a new the young trees and staking and tying these which got damaged by the young trees and staking and tying those which got damaged in the wind. The trees close to the pali are not making much progress and, in fact, a number of these have died owing to the severe gales we

(Continued on page 6.)

# SALARIES ARE ALL **ADVANCED BY THE ACTION OF HOUSE**

## The District Magistrates and Clerks Will Find Their Pay Increased.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

IN THE HOUSE.

"The attention of the chair has been bers has not been in attendance upon its sessions, although it is now the twenty-third day of the session, nor has there been any explanation of his absence. The clerk has sent one letwarrant issued for the member?"

With these words Speaker Beckley opened the House yesterday morning. There was a little discussion over the tion from appearance in Police Court as a member of the House. On motion of Chillingworth the clerk was instructed to write a second letter to the member asking for his attendance upon the ses-

Later in the day the note was acknowledged by Representative Jaeger, who said that he was ill but would atpenditures Committee had been read Kumalae moved that the report be translated and printed and Kupihea necessity for it by that time, that the

committee on the Keoho claim for damages resulting from the cutting through of the Kipahulu road and the consequent destruction of his taro patches, reported favoring the claim. The re-port was adopted and the clerk was directed to place the sum of \$700 asked in the appropriation bill.

Mr. Kealawaa introduced a resolu-tion directing the Board of Health to close the Waiakea Fish Market at Hilo. He said that a commission of ten per cent was charged which was a hard-ship. The point of order that the resolution had no effect on appropriations and so was out of order, was raised and ruled out, the Speaker saying that the resolution was without force of law and could be only advisory.

Mr. Chillingworth said the Board of Health had ordered the cutting off of the charge. Lewis said he had heard that the charge had not been taken off at all, and he explained why there should be only one market. Kealavan emphatically protested against the Waiakea market in a humorous speech

UNPAID BILLS GO OVER.

Consideration of the Unpaid bills hea from the special committee on the high lift pump item, but that committee was not ready to report, asking for another day. Fernandez wanted to pass the item in the bill but Knudsen wanted the committee to report immediately. Finally the committee was given the day, which disposed of all business before the committee of the It thereupon rose and the House took a recess,

DOYLE'S SALARY CUT.

When the afternoon session began the first question, after the Noar gift, was whether the committee on the pump was ready to report so that Senate Bill No. 4 could be concluded but it stretching her wings to preserve lib-was not and business went on with erty all over this Hemisphere, and tion of the item of salary for Japanese interpreter and translator. The opthose who wanted to see a fair salary that it was the incumbent and not the The matter finally closed with the salary being placed at \$450 for the six

attacked and the pay cut to \$600. The only increase in the city courts

was that for the assistant clerk of the district court which was made \$450 instead of \$150. The question of the salary of the

District Magistrate at Koolauloa, sixth class, brought out some discussion. There was an amendment to raise the salary to \$250 but Kumalae insisted that the class should be changed, so as to read "fifth class." There was a doubt as to the classification in the minds of many members, but finally the item was passed at \$300, the same action being taken at Waianae, though Walalua remained at \$420.

OUTSIDERS' SALARIES RAISED. Pali began boosting Maui starting ith the clerk's salary, making the by raising the Lahaina magistrate to \$720 instead of \$600. This was the same rest of the Second Circuit salaries were

The Third Circuit was not to be overlooked and so the clerk of the court "The attention of the chair has been called to the fact that one of its memN. Kohala went to \$600. S. Kohala to \$300, both increases; and when Wright moved to increase the North Kona magistrate to \$600 from \$420, Kaniho began to object saying that all the money would be used for salaries. Wright argued for the increase, as the business there will be great because of its being a new county seat. Finally the item passed at \$500 but the fight on it had a reflex on the South Kona item and that magistrate will receive only The magistrate , for East and West Kau was given \$50 more or \$600

> House and the salary was left as in the bill, \$750. Lewis said the clerk was acting as interpreter and his salary was swelled from \$300 to \$600. The district magistrate was given \$1,000 instead of \$900, but the House would not listen to Lewis' suggestion for a second magistrate at \$800. The clerk and interpreter was given \$600, the Hamakua magistrate \$600 and the Puna judge \$300.

Kauai refused, by Gandall, to ask larger salaries and these all passed as in the bill. The committee then rose, refused a night session and adjourned.

### IN THE SENATE.

Senate Bill No. 5, appropriating \$5,000 for Senate expenses, was returned from

the House naving passed third reading. The bill providing for unpaid bills of the House was received from the House salary bill would have been passed.
"Oh, no," said Mr. Kumalae, "we wont adopt it this week."
"Glad to hear it," rejoined Mr. Har"ittee on second reading.

KEOHO CLAIM PASSED.

KEOHO CLAIM PASSED.

Mr. Chillingworth from the special payment of \$1502.60 for paial delivered at the settlement which he says the Board of Health unjustly refused to pay. Referred to Committee on Public Expenditures.

Senator Dickey for the Miscellaneous Committee reported on the petition from Hilo for an appropriation to pay the expenses of a trip to that town on the Fourth of July of the band, saying that the current appropriation bills had already passed and a new bill would be required. The committee did not think the matter of sufficient importance for this. The report was adopted.

Senator Isenberg moved to adjourn until today. Senator McCandless mov-ed to adjourn until Friday saying there was nothing to do and the expenses of the Senate ran on if meetings were held.

Isenberg said the officers were paid whether the Senate met or not. The motion to adjourn until this morning

## COAT OF ARMS

The House, and as residuary legatee elaborately framed, embroidered design showing the American eagle above the shield and surrounded by the flags of the United States. The gift was that of Isaac Noar, and was conveyed with the following letter:

Honolulu, May 26, 1903. Honorable F. Beckley, Speaker of the

House, Honolulu. Sir: I have the honor to present to this House, the Coat of Arms of the American Union, signifying the richest and mightiest nation of this Globe; commanding respect from all powers of this planet.

Eighty millions of free men received you with open arms to share the blessing of Liberty, Freedom and Happi-ness. In glancing at this magnificent emblem, you will have the satisfaction that you are today an American Citizen and respected all over the world.

Your Obedient Servant,

ISAAC NOAR. The letter once read Mr. Chillingworth moved to accept the gift and that at the close of the session it be presented to the Speaker of the House, Mr. Beckley thought this not in order but the House would have it so.

Wright, of Kona, moved that the gift be accepted and filed with the bills not signed by the Governor.

Speaker Beckley said he hoped the members would remember the motto of the nation. "In union there is the nation, "In union there is strength," for if the members would, there will be a speedy conclusion of the business of the House. If the members would get together, he said, there would be soon a basis for business and the work would be rushed through,

CONSUMPTION which is the most dangerous and fatal disease, has as its first indication a persistent cough and salary \$600 instead of \$500 and followed if properly treated as soon as this cough appears is easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has preven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the diseases which made as follows: Makawao, \$600; Ha-na, \$420; Kipahulu, \$240; Honuaula, \$240; Molokai \$420; Lanai, \$200; Raiau-gists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

# EXPENDITURES OF THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS

House Committee on Investigations Reports Showing Many Extravagances in Public Service.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Public Expenditures Committee of the House, yesterday gave to that body one of the most comprehensive papers submitted to the Legislature. While there are points which seem carping criticism, as a whole the exposition of the financial transactions of the department is full of interest.. The report is as follows:

Hon. Fred W. Beckley, Speaker of the T. H. Sir:-

Your Committee on Public Expenditures in conformance with House Rule, No. 27 has made an investigation of Public Expenditures, and beg to re-

port as follows: We have taken into consideration the Auditor's Report, and determined that his statements of receipts and expenditures agree with the Books of the

Taking the report up in detail as to expenditures to December 31, 1902, we

1st-Permanent Settlements. These payments have been made prorata to date as per appropriation, viz: \$12,750.00.

2nd-Secretary of Territory, Expenditures in this Department amounting to \$21,934.60, are apparently in order. We believe that past appropriations will be sufficient for the tu-

ture. 3rd-Judiciary Department The expenditures under this Department amounting to \$132,056.83 have been checked with the appropriations, and found to be in order. Our inves-tigation shows that sufficient money has not been appropriated heretofore, owing to the great increase of Iltigation and recommend that the increased appropriations asked for have the serious consideration of this House.

4th-Fire Claims Commission. We find expenditures of \$159,650,23 are correct, \$147,317.30 of this amount being paid as 10 per cent of awards to claimants, \$140,000.00 of which was received by the Territory from the United States Government on account of interest on bonds advanced by this Government. The balance making up this item, \$7,317.30, having been drawn from the current cash account, the remainder \$12,338.93 represents the expenses of the Fire Claims Commission in determining awards to chalmants.

5th - Attorney General's Department. Expenditures in the sum of \$462,031.-

57 have been made by this Department. We have checked the specific salaries and find payments have been made conformably with the appropriations. An examination of the item of "Support and Maintenance of Prisoners' amounting to \$67,865.88 shows economy of administration which other Departments of the Government might well mulate. An examination of the Po lice Department shows a high state of efficiency and economy of management in view of the work performed.

We find under the expenditures of Incidentals of this Department that an excessive amount has been paid for professional services of outside attorneys for prosecuting Government work which should have been per-Speaker Beckley, received yesterday an | formed in our opinion by employees of

the Department.

6th-Treasury Department. Salaries of this Department have peen checked and found in order. The expenditures under this Department have been \$115,666.97. Under the head of Incidentals, \$5,966.65, we find a monthly charge of \$25.00 for the keeping of a horse and buggy of the License Collector in a private stable. This rig should be kept in Government Stables, also Attorney's fees in suit against the Treasurer in the sum of \$300,00, which should in our epinion have been defended by the Attorney General's Department, and stenographer and typewriter's fees in the sum of \$97.85 paid to the regular employee of the Department for office work. 7th-Bureau of Taxes.

We find the expenditures in this Department to be \$105,649.82. Out of an appropriation comprising pay of Assessors and Commission for Collections of \$144,600.00, we find only four Assessors' salaries are specifically ap-propriated. We recommend that salaries for all permanent positions un-

der this Bureau be specified. We find that this Bureau has paid attorney's fees in litigation in nection with the Bureau, the sum of \$4.865.00, and stenographer's fees in the sum of \$1,334.40. opinion that these expenditures should be stopped and a regular attorney and stenographer and typewriter be em-ployed by the Treasury Department to look after litigation of this Bureau, as well as other matters under said De-

A stenographer and typewriter is at present employed in the Treasurer's Department at \$75.00 per month, and for a slight increase, a competent man could be obtained to do this and the Tax Bureau's work, as well as to attend to other duties. In fact we have ome to the conclusion that a combination in one office of the Treasury Department and the Tax Bureau of Honolulu would materially reduce the expense of both bureaus and result 'a greater efficiency of work. lieve the plan is entirely feasible and can be accomplished.

The Incidentals for all Assessors of the Islands are bunched in one lump sum, and an examination shows extravagance, such as hiring of rigs at

Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, May 26, \$10.00 per day by deputies. We are of the opinion that each Assessor should Hon. Fred W. Beckley, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Honolulu, cidentals for his office, which would bring about greater economy of expenditures.

8th-Bureau of Conveyance.

The expenditures in this Bureau amount to \$14,773.07. An examination of the expenditures of this office shows an economical administration.

9th-Department of Public Instruction.

Expenditures of this Department amount to \$563,106.50, of which \$443,-268,35 was paid in salaries to teachers. These items have all been checked and found correct.

We find that the item of Repairing School Buildings amounts to \$22,703.33. The expenditures of this fund is un-der the immediate supervision of the Assistant Secretary and School Agent of Honolulu, Miss Rose Davidson.

The work done is technically mechanical, such as plumbing, carpenter-ing, etc., and generally by verbat agreement, and should be carried on under the direction of the Public Works Department, where the Government pays men technically trained in such matters. We are also of the opinion that the construction of all school buildings should be under the direction of the Superintendent of Public Works. In this connection, we note the expenditure of \$3,450.00 to Architect Dickey for plans of a school building at Royal School, Honolulu, incurred by former Superintendent of Public Instruction. We are informed that there is no intention of using these plans. Had the above work been carried on by the Superintendent of Public Works, no such expense would have been incurred. We find Asiatics employed as janitors and we recommend that citizen labor be provided for in Appropriation Bill.

Serious consideration should be given to increased appropriations asked for, as the number of school pupils is rap-, idly increasing. The increase from June 30, 1902 to December 317 1992, was 571, from 1900 to December 31, 1902— 3,259. Unfortunately of the latter, were 1,200 Asiatics of whom nearly 1,000 were Japanese. We com-mend the excellent administration of this Department under Superintendent

Atkinson. 10th-Commissioner of Public Lands. Expenditures of this Bureau have been \$24,210.76. An investigation of the items shows same to be in order and

11th - Bureau of Agriculture and

Expenditures of \$22 184 31 of this Bureau have been checked and found correct. We note the employment of some 15 Asiatics in this Bureau at the of \$18.00 per month and recommend that this rate of wages be in-creased in order that citizen labor may be secured and proviso be so stated in the Appropriation Bill.

12th-Survey Department. Expenditures of \$53,995.20 of this Bureau have been checked and found o conform with appropriations.

13th-Board of Health Expenditures of \$440,576.25 have been checked. We find salaries paid as per appropriations. An examination of the accounts of the Kalaupapa Store, with reference to its inventories of stock, purchase and sales, shows that the business about pays for itself. The policy of the Board of Health being to make not more than sufficient profit to pay expenses

An investigation of the Store at Kaaupapa, April 4th, 1903, and the keeper's books showed an excellent condition, the keeper's cash being counted and balanced with his books in the sum of \$971.82.

The cost of Palai to the Board of Health is excessive. 75 cents for 21 pounds and 17 cents or \$16.18 per ton freight, bringing the cost to approximately 5 cents per pound. Every ef-fort should be made on the part of the authorities to plant taro at Waikolu or other available places at or near the Settlement, thereby furnishing employment to the inmates of the Settlement and avoiding the present fre-

quent dangerous delays of supply, We find that the charges under the passenger and freight contract of the Board of Health, with Wilder Steamship Company, are excessive, particularly that on cattle at \$7.00 per head. We are of the opinion, in view of the bonus of \$50.00 per week, this company receives as a freight and passenger guarantee from the Board of Health that they should be induced to materially modify their rates. Their freight and passenger bills for the year of 1902 amounted to \$13,722,27, and in addition they received \$2,600.00, under the freight-passenger guarantee, making a total of \$16,322.27 for the year. This business was formerly done by this company prior to the Board of Health forcing a contract on the Com-pany, when the Settlement carried a population equal to the present at about \$650.00 per month or \$7,800.00 per annum.

An investigation of Insane Asylum expenditures shows that same has

(Continued on page 7.)

# FINALLY ARRANGE HILO FISHMARKET TROUBLE

## Big Batch of Business Done at the Meeting of the Board of Health Yesterday---Doctors Get Leaves of Absence.

### (From Thursday's daily.)

The Board of Health at yesterday's meeting decided once and for all to settle the trouble over the two Hilo Fishmarkets. The letter from Dr. Stow suggesting the appointment of a native as assistant fish inspector was favorably considered, though Dr. Mays and F. C. Smith both objected that as he was employed at one of the Hawaii will be in a more completely he wanted to show his feeling toward fishmarkets there was likely to arjse some criticism. Dr. Stow was mixed up condition today than it was authorized to look into this before any final action is taken. A letter was also read from J. G. Serrao complaining that the wholesale fishmarket still charged ten per cent commission for inspecting fish. President Cooper stated that the board had already passed a regulation prohibiting such a charge, and was given permission to enforce it. Copies of the regulation are to be sent to the fishermen. the markets, the inspector and government physician, the latter to see that the rule is enforced.

The medical examiners reported favorably on the application of Dr. C. L. McLain for a license to practice and the report was adopted. Dr. McLain is to fill Dr. Sandow's place in his absence.

A petition was received from thirteen lepers who had been required to leave the Baldwin Home saying that they wanted to live should see fit, and that the Hawailans, in Kalawao instead of in Kalaupepa. Action was deferred until Supt. McVeigh can be present.

Leave of absence was granted to Dr. A. W. Sinclair from June high and wise counsels were cast aside 23rd to July 18, and Dr. W. L. Moore was selected to act in his in the heat of the moment. The House absence as city physician.

Dr. Galbraith, physician in charge of the insane asylum was and further might have gone into the also granted leave of absence, and Dr. Peterson appointed to act matter of a practical abandonment of during his absence. Dr. Mays declined the nomination at the hands of his fellow members.

Action was deferred on the application of Henry B. Wilkins to be appointed sanitary inspector at Lahaina as ro appropriation has

S. K. Ka-ne for the committee which is considering the request of the Board of Public Institutions for possession of the insane as the first communication, the folasylum was granted further time. He said there was a test case in

M. P. Robinson reported favorably upor the request for perbers of the House of Representatives
mission to establish drinking fountains in the city. Certain sanitary, of the Territory of Hawaii, that but rules to be fixed by Inspector Keen are to be complied with.

M. P. Robinson also reported favorably on the application of Wong Leong to establish a fishmorket. He said he was doubtful Department. of the propriety of granting so many permits of this kind but understood that W. C. Achi did not intend to establish a fishmarket.

Mr. Winston was of the opinion that all permits should be granted, so long as the sanitary laws were obeyed. Action was bills against this appropriation for the postponed to allow Dr. Cooper to investigate.

Dr. Mays reported on the government dispensary saying that the present building is worthless ,and recommending that the Public Works Department be asked to repair it immediately. An appropriation for a new building is in the loan bill but repairs are gest that an item of \$1,800 be approprineeded at once. The reported was adopted.

E. C. Winston presented a petition from Lihue asking that \$1,200 passed in the Emergency Bill, Dr. Watt be made government physician, as the Koloa man only would make up the amount of \$2,000, visited Lihue twice a week. Action was deferred until the petition to the Board of Health arrives.

The sanitary inspector of Hilo was granted permission to attend the regimental drill in Honolulu.

The following report was received from Dr. Cofer:

I have to report the health conditions in the Orient as follows:

Yokohama, two weeks to May 15, 1903—Clean. Kobe, two weeks to May 12, 1902—Small-pox, cases 5; deaths, 0.

Nagasaki, two weeks to May 10, 1903-Clean.

Shanghai, two weeks to May 8, 1903—Small-pox cases, 0; deaths,

Hongkong, two weeks to May 5, 1903-Asiatic cholera, cases 2; ritory of Hawaii of the Year 1903.

Small-pox (1 European—1 Chinese), cases, 2; deaths, 2. Plague, return the same herewith without my cases, 208; deaths, 183.

## W. O. SMITH CHOICE OF HAWAIIAN BAR ASSOCIATION FOR PRESIDENT

## (From Thursday's Daily.)

W. O. Smith was re-elected yesterday as president of the Hawaiian Bar Association, with J. L. Kaulukou as vice-president, John A. Matthewman, secretary, and C. R. Hemenway, treasurer.

The annual meeting was held at 3 p. m. in the assembly hall over Castle & Cooke's with Mr. Smith in the chair. At the hour mentioned it looked as if the annual meeting would have to be postponed to a later date, as there were only six members of the Association present. A liberal use of the telephone finally brought a the title of the bill should be changed quorum around, and the election of officers was proceeded with as above. The only changes are in the office of vice-president, S. K. Ka-ne having been the incumbent last year, and that of the secre-tary which was formerly filled by Dan Case. Mr. Case has gone to overriden, and then if the Senate one Hawaiian and the Governor had Wailuku to take up a permanent residence, otherwise he would have been elected to the secretaryship for the third time.

The report of the treasurer for the past year was a gratifying work of the people, because there is no upper inasmuch as a balance on hand of \$40 was reported. The money to meet the expenses. document, inasmuch as a balance on hand of \$40 was reported. The receipts for the year were \$695, and the expenditures \$655. President Smith complimented Mr. Hemenway on the manner in which has made no objection to the amount, he had performed his duties saying that it was an unpleasant duty simply that there was a technical defor him to dun the members for their dues, and he had also worn feet in the wording; therefore the only for him to dun the members for their dues, and he had also worn out considerable shoe leather in collecting the same.

Acting upon motion of a member, a letter of appreciation from the Association will be forwarded to Mr. Case by the new secretary. Avon H. Crook and Alexander Lindsay, Jr., were elected to

The annual dinner of the Bar, which the by-laws state shall be held on Friday, May 29, was referred to by the president, but on motion of Attorney Vivas, who called attention to the hard times, which even the lawyers have experienced, so he alleged, the date for the giving of the dinner was left to the executive committee. Judge Hartwell expressed himself in favor of a plain dinner, a collation, where informality and not formality, would obtain. In support of this view he argued that the cost would be at a minimum. and everybody would have just as good a time at a plain dinner as at an expensive one.

A motion to charge the by-laws so that the annual dinner will occur on the first Friday in October instead of the last Friday in the committee could report. He said it May, was presented, as was also a motion to make a quorum nine members instead of fifteen. The motions will be voted on at the next regular meeting.

# HIGH FEELING IN HOUSE OVER ITS **EXPENSE MEASURE**

## Error in Title Causes Veto by the Governor on Technical Grounds.

### (From Thursday's Daily.)

last night, is a question which will be settled only by the action of the House this morning. When adjournment was forced yesterday afternoon, for the pur-pose of seeing if a night's rest would not cool down some of the hot tempers of members there was before the House appropriation bill, which now carries the resignation of one member and five \$1,219,446.87. of members there was before the House others were in the possession of the

These were the result of the belief on the part of the members that they were being played with by the members of the upper house and the Governor; that they were to be held out of their pay and expenses until the upper body which predominate in the lower body. were being misused generally by the majority of the Senate. Feeling ran in its state of feeling might have accepted the resignation of Fernandez. was so apparent that all took the occasion to adjourn.

### IN THE HOUSE.

When the House met there was read

\$1,200 has been appropriated in the that the bill submitted be acted upon at Emergency Bill for civil and criminal once." incidentals of the Attorney-General's

This amount is entirely insufficient to meet the incidental expenses of this department for the remaining portion of this present period. The month of April amount to \$1,008.23, and it is safe to presume that the bills for May will equal, if not exceed, this

amount.
"I would therefore respectfully sug-"I would therefore respectfully suggest that an item of \$1,800 be appropriated for unpaid bills of this department. This amount, together with the \$1,200 passed in the Emergency Bill, would make up the amount of \$3,000. asked for by the Attorney-General to be inserted in the Emergency Bill."

HOUSE EXPENSE BILL VETOED. The following message containing the

veto of the Governor of the amended House expense bill, was next read: "A Message to the Legislature of Ha-

"I am unable to approve of a Bill entitled 'An Act to Appropriate Money for the Purpose of Defraying the Expenses of the Extra Session of the House of Representatives of the Terfrom the Public Treasury,' received from the Legislature on May 26th, and

signature. "My objections to this Bill are as follows:

"Section 1 of the act appropriates money for defraying the expenses of the Extra Session of the House Representatives of the Territory

Hawaii of the Year 1903. While the Senate may sit in special session, an extra or special session of the House is unknown to the law.

"SANFORD B. DOLE,

"Executive Chamber, Territory of Hawall, May 27th, 1903."

## WANT TO OVERRIDE IT.

When the message had been read the storm broke. Heatedly Paele moved to override the veto of the Governor. Harris maintained that if the grounds of the Governor were well taken, then and everything made regular.

Kupihea seconded the motion of Paele and Paele again got the floor and with of the Governor in appointing the code should not agree with the House, the appointed three white men. He declaronly thing to be done was that the ed that the Governor controlled the members should go home, leave the Senate and that body did what furnish-

Chillingworth said that the members thing to be done was to make it right. BECKLEY SECURES REFERENCE.

Speaker Beckley here said that the veto of the Governor was a proper one, as the bill now involves a technical question in title. He said that he had been informed that the Senate had referred the veto to its Judiciary Committee, and he would suggest that the same disposition be made here. Senate committee was to meet at 2 o'clock and the two committees might meet together and thus decide what is

This statement calmed the House and Kupihea moved that the reference to the Judiciary Committee be made,

Fernandez excitedly moved that the House adjourn for three days so that Gandall, Greenwell, Hala, Harris, Jacwas all nonsense for the Governor to Nakaleka, Pali, Vida, 15. think that the Representatives were here to work and live on wind. He was Kaniho, Kealawaa, Kou, Kumalae, Ku- mittee from the House to consider the

Whether or not the Legislature of tinued to tell those around him how the Governor and how ridiculous the whole thing was,

> SENATE MESSAGE SENT BACK. Speaker Beckley called for the regu-lar order which was the reading of the Senate message returning House Bill No. 3, being the six months' current

> When the list of changes was read Kupihea moved to send the communica-tion back to the Senate as an important provision which was passed by the Senate was omitted from the communication. This was done. The then took a recess to 2 o'clock.

> JUDICIARY COMMITTEE'S REPORT Immediately upon reconvening Chairman Andrade said that the Judiciary Committee was ready to report but because of the short time had no opportunity to prepare a written report. Unler suspension of the rules Andrade hen made his report verbally:

> "Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill No. 1 and the Governor's message returning the same without his approval, has had the same under consideration and begs to report thereupon as follows: Your committee finds that the bill as passed is defective, and that the Governor's message thereupon is in accordance with the law.

"Your committee has taken upon itself to draft a new bill, with the same "I beg to call your attention, and to objects and purposes, and herewith

### PAELE FINDS FAULT.

Paele explained that the two committees met but that Senator Achi made the point that they could not sit in conference, but as separate bodies. He gave as his personal opinion that the Governor's veto should be overriden, and then the House could do as it thought best about passing another bill. This would put the matter up to the Senate, which took the measure and

## KANIHO READY TO RESIGN.

Kaniho supported Paele's plan to verride in a long speech. In its course he called attention to the fact that the expense bill for the regular session had been signed and said that many bills, with items for expense illegally incur-red in them, had been pressed upon the House by the Governor. He said: "I am ready to vacate my seat and resign from the Legislature. Not on account of any feeling but because we cannot stay here and expect the officials of without having their pay. It will take six days to pass a bill and the Governor will take ten days and the end of the session will come and we will have worked in vain We should override the veto and if the Senate will not do likewise, then it will be time enough for us to vacate our seats in the House." "He said also that he had heard that the reason for it all was to force the passage of the salaries bill and then leave the House without salaries.

Chillingworth ably argued for the passage of a legal bill, saying this one refer to the Committee on Public Exwould be ineffective. He decried threats

of leaving the House and said such arguments should not be made Kupihea said he supported Paele and Kellinoj tried to bring the members to

their senses but he could not and gave

## KUMALAE OFF THE TRACK.

Kumalae went off on a tangent declaring that the Governor had no right to call an extra session but only a special session. The chair promptly called him down by reference to the right section, Kumalae called attention to what he deemed an illegal act ed an excuse for the veto of the bill. The cause of it all was that the Senate hoped to cause the House to suffer should remember that the Governor hunger and thus be forced to pass the appropriation bills. The House, he said. represented the people and should stand up-for the rights of the people.

Andrade forcefully argued, saying he talked to the House and not to the gal-lery, that the title of the bill was for expenses of the "extra session of the whereas there was no provision for an extra session of the House in the Organic Act. He showed that there could be no money drawn from the treasury under it, for the treasurer could not legally pay out any money

Pulaa spoke at length, his remarks not being translated in full, but their tenor being that of Kaniho's speech.

## REPORT IS ACCEPTED.

Immediately following this the ques tion was put on the adoption of the report of the Judiciary Committee, and the call of the roll resulted as follows: Ayes-Andrade, Aylett, Chillingworth, ger, Kalama. Keltinoi, Knudsen, Lewis,

Nays-Damiana, Fernandez, Kaili, ruled out of order however and con- pihea, Oili, Paele, Pulaa, Purdy, 12.

# JURY FREES PAT MURPHY, THE MAN FROM MAKUA

## Decides That He Did Not Kill Joe Perry---A Divorce Refused --- Wright Estate Case Arguments.

### (From Thursday's daily.)

"We the jury in the above entitled cause find the defendant not

guilty, Chas. Girdler, Foreman.'

With the above verdict delivered to Judge Robinson at 5:25 yesterday afternoon Pat Murphy stepped from the court room a free man, after standing in the shadow of death with a charge of murder hanging over him for two months. Murphy took the verdict of the jury without emotion. He is a rather patient appearing Irishman, and aside from nervously pacing the floor during the intermissions at his trial, has never shown that he was much disturbed by the charge, that he had killed Joe Perry.

The jury listened to arguments from yesterday morning at nine o'clock to four o'clock in the afternoon. Both Mr. Peters, Mr. Robertson and Mr. Hogan addressed the jurors at length. The jury retired at 4:15 o'clock and in exactly one hour had agreed upon a

### DIVORCE IS REFUSED.

Judge Gear yesterday refused to grant a divorce to Mrs. Emily C. Williams from Ed. Williams. She asked for it on the ground that he did not support her, and because he was addicted to drink. The case was postponed to allow further evidence to be introduced by the plaintiff; Judge Gear holding that it had been insufficient so far. The court intimated that the whole trouble seemed to be that defendant had started in the undertaking business in opposition to his wife. Mrs. Williams testified that her husband didn't know anything about the business until she married him, and then said anyone could be an undertaker, it didn't require much knowledge.

### THE WRIGHT CASE.

The John Wright estate matter was again before Judge Gear vesterday. C. F. Peterson objected to the appointment of F. Wundenberg as executor saying that he was a sister of Mrs. Anna Wright who had a claim against the estate which Wundenberg might be influenced to decide in her favor because of the relationship. Judge Gear took the matter under advisement.

### THE YIM QUON CASE.

Judge De Bolt began yesterday the hearing of the case of Yim Quon charged with forgery. A motion to quash the indictment is being argued.

### COURT NOTES.

The Henry Waterhouse Trust Co. yesterday tendered its resignation as trustee in the case of Silva vs. Silva.

J. A. Cummins yesterday asked the court to legalize the adoption of Lee Lorrilard Cummins, the daughter of Mrs. Kapeka Merseberg Cummins to whom he is married. The petition was granted.

As soon as the result of the veto was PHARMACY NOMINATIONS COnread, it meaning the acceptance of the veto and the method of passing a new bill, Kaniho rose and announced his resignation. The Speaker told him to drade, that it pass, was carried. Fernandez insisted on his resignation being read, and this was done. Harris moved that it be not accepted, and there was some discussion over the matter, which ended with a motion to adjourn which prevailed.

Although the House dissolved there were any number of little knots of members scattered about the hall discussing the matter. Some of the Fifth district members at once took up the matter and announced that they would ask the district clubs to as to the course to pursue.

Matters began to settle down later and there seemed a chance that milder ounsels would prevail, when late in the ifternoon the House was able to be leared of the members.

## IN THE SENATE.

Notice was received from Secretary Carter of the signing of the Senate expense bill.

House Bill No. 4 for unpaid bills was penditures. Senator J. T. Brown moved to pass second reading, saying if the ill was held up it would make trouble with the House. They were likely to adjourn again. idjourn again.

Sepator Baldwin replied that he anted to find out what the bills were or; the House knew the exact amount, and why should it be passed in a lump sum: \$7,000 might be too much and it might be too little. Then again the Governor and Attorney-General were of the opinion that the bill should be itemized, these were bills of the last sion and on the same plane as all other unpaid bills. The bill should be passed in such shape that it should not ceive a veto and so the money might be paid.

## BROWN FEARS TROUBLE.

Senator J. T. Brown replied that it ciary Committee to appropriate \$13,000 as not right for a committee to ex- for House expenses passed first reade into the accounts of the House ing. for the reason that on the former bill Senator Baldwin moved that the veto there had been a dispute, and there be first considered but Achi objected were hard words in the House over the and raised the point of order that the action of the Finance Committee in bill was now before the House and not making an agreement with the Sen- in the Senate. The chair sustained the

Senator Achi suggested that the Sen- Friday upon the veto. ate should ascertain what the money is to be paid for; if the money was to be used for printing the journal it could bill from the table. McCandless obnot be used for anything else. The jected that it would be a waste of time Governor would veto the bill, and for as the House has changed it materialthe sake of the House he wanted it ly since the Senate passed it in regussed, properly.

ommittee to find out whether the bill was constitutional, which was his only be typewritten for the convenience of the members. Senator Kalauokalani

President Crabbe said he had a mesage from the Governor which might clear up the matter and the clerk read the veto of the House expense bill: On motion of Senator Isenberg the

veto was referred to the Judiciary Com-mittee. The House bill for unpaid bills "It can be printed for use tomormittee. The House bill for unpaid bills was referred to the same committee. Senator Achi moved that the committee be authorized to meet with a com-

The following message was received from the Governor: "A Message to the Senate of the Ter-

ritory of Hawaii: "In accordance with the provisions of Act 70 of the Session Laws of 1903,

entitled 'An Act to Regulate the Practice of Pharmacy and the Selling, Com-pounding and Dispensing of Drugs, Chemicals and Poisons in the Territory of Hawaii,' I hereby submit for your consideration and action the following nominations:

"Board of Pharmacy-Mr. R. B. Reedy, Doctor W. E. Taylor, Mr. Samuel S. Peck. "SANFORD B. DOLE,

"Executive Chamber, Territory of Hawaii, May 27th, 1903." Senator Baldwin said the appointees were all good men, recommended by

the pharmacists and moved that the nominations be confirmed. Approved unanimously, Senator McCandless moved a recess

until afternoon saying the House without money and something should be done. Carried.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

A communication was received from the House stating that an error had been made in the six months current taken up. Senator Baldwin moved to Crabbe explained had since been corappropriation bill which President rected.

> Senator Achi reported for the Judiclary Committee that it had been deexpense bill. As to the unpaid bills he reported that the \$7,000 was wanted for paying for the printing of the journal, and that as the expense had not yet been incurred this could not be called

an unpaid bill.
"I don't understand," said Senator Baldwin, "when we had this matter up before the House wanted \$7,500 for printing the journals of both the regular and special session. want \$7,000 for just the one journal." Senator Achi said the journal was to

be translated and printed in both 'an-The new bill introduced by the Judi-

bjection and action was deferred until

Senator Dickey moved to take eighteen months current appropriation lar session. The agreement was to Senator Baldwin said he wanted the the House pass this bill. Senator Baldwin suggested that the bill had better

> moved to have the bill printed. "The only point is," said Senator Achi, "if you want to have the bill considered tomorrow it will have to be typewritten, if you allow further time

row," said McCandless

"No. it can't," said Isenberg.
"Yes, it can," insisted McCandless,

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WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

-Payable Invariably in Advance. -

A. W. PEARSON,

FRIDAY : : : : : : MAY 29

### RESPECTABILITY AND PROGRESS.

Bremerton and vice and crime ran riot ence, when any left Bremerton, after having enjoyed its "wide-open privileges," they carried little of value with them ex-cept their lives. It did not take the Navy Department long to act in defence of its enlisted men and now the vessels of war that were wont to go there for repairs, go to Mare Island in-

The truth is that the wide-open policy is a dangerous asset for almost any small city, seaport or otherwise. There are some few places, like San Francisco, that grew up in spite of it; but San Francisco, being at the start the main camp in a vast mining region and in its later analysis the master of the only trade entrepot on a long stretch of fruitful coast, could not help growing. Even vice and crime could not hinder its advance. But a small place, the growth of which depends upon the favor of capital, the good opinion of home-builders, the attractiveness which it has to health-seekers and reputable tourists; or a small place which lives, like Bremerton, by the favor of the Government, cannot sacrifice its good name without ruining its prosperity. Its good name is not only "greater than riches" but it is the producer of riches.

For many years past, Hawali has had the largest income per capita in the world. Its wealth was greatest when its laws against vice were most rigid and were most relentlessly enforced; when saloons were few and heavily taxed; when crime was infrequent and the standards of public morality were highest. The richest city per capita in California, Pasadena, is without a saloon or a questionable resort of any kind; Brooklyn grew to be a city of over a million inhabitants without a recognized tenderloin and its wealth and prosperity are those of a metropolis. Doubtless a seaport without a tenderloin displeases sailors, but when did a city ever live on the money squan-dered by seamen in their cups? Probably the globe-trotting sport and blowsy adventuress would prefer have the town wide open when they come, but to whom is their coming a benefit-these people who stop off to "make expenses?" Go the length and breadth of America and the resorts which are most reputable make the most money, collect and keep the most wealth. When Long Branch and Saratoga fell into the hands of the gamblers and sports their material decline began. In the neighborhood of vice, property loses in value; in the possession and exploitation of vice cities lose in wealth unless there is some geographical and commercial reason

## AS TO FISH.

California's famous fish, the barracuda, has appeared in this market for the first time. It ought, with the good offices of the Fish Commission, to also appear in these waters, where there seems to be a chance to acclimate it. Indeed a first cousin to the barracuda, one of the group which includes the fresh water pickerel and muskalunge, is already found along shore and in ponds connected with the sea. Like the others it is a carnivorous fish, lying in shady or sedgy places, motionless and alert, to dart upon any smaller fish that swims unwittingly near. Its flesh is delicate and full of flavor and natives are so fond of it that they have been known to buy at thirty cents a pound.

The Hawaiian specimen is small but the barracuda, which bears a relation to it like that of the muskalunge to the pickerel, ranges in weight from six to ten pounds. It would be an invaluable gain to the food resources of this group and a delight to sportsmen, for it takes the trolling hook behind a fast yacht with all the gameness that a fish needs to show to make itself popular with

Meanwhile, if the barracuda cannot be caught it can be bought, which is the next best thing. The importance of fish as a substitute for meat in the tropics, makes every addition to the edible fish a thing of gastronomic and physiological importance.

If Judge Grosscup of Chicago succeeds in breaking up the beef trust he will be popular at every table. There are some great trusts which have cut down the price of things and made themselves useful to the people, but the beef trust is not one of these. It was organized for no other end than to cinch the consumer without enriching the grower. In fact, the combine has all the vices of the worst of the middlemen.

The next move in the crusade against vice should be to invoke the United States law as expressed in the Edmunds Act.

### TIME FOR THOUGHT.

With the appropriation bills so well advanced in the Legislature, only three remaining to be acted upon in the House, it is indeed unfortunate that a condition has arisen which threatens not the time for members of the popular body to think of deserting their posts and leaving the work unfinished. It must be borne in mind that in the

event of the failure of the session to pass appropriation bills, then the budget of two years ago must be operative. Those appropriations were made without contemplation of the new conditions which are created by the passage Much is heard of the need of keeping of the County law, and will not in the a seaport town "wide open," but it is slightest degree fit the occasion. It evident, from the Bremerton dispatches, would be unwise for the members to evident, from the Bremerton dispatches, permit personal pique to induce them to that the Navy Department takes a dif- leave their seats, and thus leave the ferent view. Everything "went" in new counties without means of exist-

ing to sailors. Things soon became too interesting. Men were robbed and murdered, drugged and disfigured, and when any left Proposition of the greatly needed public improvements. that these conditions which have caused so much adverse comment will not be permitted to rise again. The salaries account must be passed if the expenses of the government are to be kept down under the changed conditions as well.

Leaving out of the question the fact that the bill of the House was kept back in the upper branch, it is well to look ahead, to see that every effort will be made by the Senate to repair the damage which has inadvertently been done to the House, and as the Governor in his message found no fault with the measure for expenses, it is fair to him to presume that the new bill, which is now twenty per cent advanced on its way will be approved immediately upon it reaching him, and that the money for the expenses of the House will be in the treasury subject to warrant, on next Tuesday at the far-

The responsibilities upon the legislators have been heavy, but there has not been a minute when they were weightier than now. It is just as necessary that there be provision for money for the county work, as that county bill be passed, and the members should not desert the post of duty when their absence may mean disorganization for the new political divisions.

### THE BRIBER IN PRISON.

The effort to defeat the ends of justice in the Chinese bribery case by jeers about "cabinet tricks" and "private press agents," did not work and the man who was so neatly caught by the Attorney-General goes to jail for eighteen months.

This is a result which justifies public confidence in the Department of Justice and ought to encourage the department itself in the ferreting out of population, to a considerable degree is crimes and misdemeaners which, heretofore, have flourished despite the law. There is great need of a secret service fund at the disposal of the Attorney-General and if one were provided the interests of the public would be safeguarded where now they are open to ed and guarded, not only by their natattack. It is not always that an Attor- ural protectors, but by every man who ney-General can be his own detective: is not a reprobate and an outcast. he generally has to leave that sort of work to outsiders.

## A CRITIC OF OUR CAVALRY.

the hero of Mafeking, may be taken in good part. Some of them are merely which keeps them up in spite of their diverting, the results of too hasty observation; the others point at defects Honolulu's appeal for the means of which are remediable. None of the crops up along the line of his travels further growth and development is criticisms is malicious; all are made and the answer varies according to the

see the places of interest, not to him that our troopers are fed on too much of previous Presidents. Was Harrison who comes to get drunk and land in and rich food and do not have enough an orator? Was Cleveland an orator? jail; to the man whose health needs gymnastic exercise to give them Was McKinley an orator? These nabuilding up, not to one who comes to strength and endurance. Doubtless the tional leaders never travelled during tear if down; to the farmer who comes embalmed beef critics will be edified their terms of office without this questo raise crops and not to raise the by this tribute to the high quality of tion being raised, usually without other devil. As for the adventurers Hono-lulu can well spare them for its own durance, it is probably true that sol-Those who complain about the way pulls himself together. The history of excellent types of which are given be the Indian campaigns of the American low in the form of extracts from an

paigns. ment.

Our foreign critic complains that bed of unhallowed outlawry American cavalrymen do not take a sea The Middle West rises as one man to bath every morning as British cavalry- oratory like this and that is the reason pecially so to the troopers in post in velt—those "saber-cuts of Saxon Kansas. Colorado and New Mexico. speech"—did not entertain them so Gen. Baden-Powell evidently forgets much as the ponderous soothsaying of that American soldiers do not live in a Peffer used to do. Indeed, a favorite tight little island where, when a man orator of the Middle West was the man wanders out to stroll in the park he is who said: "Mr. Chairman, government every back porch. But it will cheer tection of government; and, in the orig-General Baden-Powell to know that if inal formation of society. Adam was

Senators McCandless and Achi need no majority on their side to show that worse for them.

It's queer what even a House of Representatives can yearn for. There's hilation of republican existence,
Jaeger's society for instance. Roosevelt would not say anyth

## MENT.

There is no intention in this article of cutting into the apple of discord between legislation and moral suasien on questions, outside of criminal law, the best results of the session. Grant- which affect the well being of individ-ing that there appears to be cause for uals and organized society. But it is in some strictures upon the Senate for mous moral improvement that has been manifested in the world during the last century, which, however due to selfish persuasion, of conviction. The one as well as aitruistic considerations, is charmed the ear, the other swayed the equally conspicuous and equally bene-The necessities of mankind, in ficial. all the teeming relations of modern progress, have compelled and enforced better rules of life, and have raised the level, moral as well as intellectual, of the units and aggregates of communities and nations.

The partition of Poland could not be repeated in the Twentieth Century. matter if his delivery is as bad as that The reconstruction of Finland, in order of the late T. De Witt Talmage, his to bring the Finnish people within the grasp of the Russian octopus, though Henry's, his vocabulary as weak as is bad enough in itself, and involving a Denis Kearney's—he is still the orator. breach of an Imperial oath, was not an On the other hand if the speaker can attempt to exterminate a race, and was only titillate the ear, his oratory is of vigorously denounced throughout Chris- so low a type that it almost becomes tendom, and as a consequence perceptibly modified. The rebellions and attempted revolutions of 1848, though political failures, largely increased the measure of personal freedom and rope, and contributed to the consolidation of Italy, the formation of the Republic of France, and the vast development of constitutional law, through which eternal principles control personal tyrannies. Our own Civil War was conducted and ended for the suppression of rebeilion and the final establishment of national unity, but, intense and protracted though the conflict was, it was pervaded and followed by the amenities of civilization. These are conspicuous and suggestive

examples of the outcome of modern education and experience. But, even more marked is the progress of the world in relation to individuals and society. As examples, the vice of drunkenness has diminished and the purity of women is more effectively protected. A hundred years ago, and until a much later period, naval and military officers, at least many of them, of all recognized nationalities, when off duty, commanded respect by the hardness of their heads and their amorous successes. Now, in every known service, conspicuously in the United States and in Great Britain, officers, who become intoxicated or who misuse their opportunities, are not only liable to represent and dismissal, but are despised by their associates. A hundred years ago, the social value of a gentleman was distributed into grades, from the man who could absorb one bottle of port to the heroic imbiber of four, and he who could not drink hard liquors besides was regarded as a fledg-ling. In these days, a drunken guest at a dinner party, even of stags, is thorcughly disgraced, and, where both sexes are represented, gentlemen usually rise with the ladies. In governmental departments, in railroad systems, in important business, enterprises of every description, the rule of sobriety is enforced, and, through all the strata of voluntarily observed. There are many places in which even cigarettes are tabooed. The unwritten law has been adopted or revived, that, under the pain of exclusion and degradation, wives, sisters, and daughters are chiefd-

The world advances morally and spiritually, as well as materially, and the intricacles and complexities of the Twentieth Century demand and receive the sanction of the Moral Code. Now, The criticisms of American cavalry, as in all past history, the pessimists pre attributed to General Baden-Powell, mere obstructions in the upward march,

## PRESIDENTS AND ORATORY.

Is Roosevelt an orator? The inquiry made to the capitalist, not to the faro banker; to the tourist who comes to The British officer says, for example, It did in respect to the public speech

diers the world over are not as well Presidents express themselves while built up in garrison as they are in the "swinging round the circle," are apt field; but if the sound constitution is to judge oratory by its sound. They there the soldier in active service soon cling to the old spread-eagleism, some cavalryman speaks for his adaptability, old-time brochure on American politics to say nothing of his achievements in "Mr. Chairman, sir, a crisis has arrived the Civil War and the Philippine cam- in the affairs of our nation. That crisis, sir, is fast approaching-and, sir, when General Baden-Powell is not far out it does come, when the thundering peal of the way when he says that our pres- of the public voice shall be heard ent troopers have never been seasoned through the ballot boxes, like the forkby hard service. The majority of those ed lightning bursting through the imwho went into the Philippine war in penetrable clouds of heaven, let it 1898 and 1899 have now served their speak, sir, a language which cannot be terms and are out of the army and mistaken. Our country is on the verge their places are taken by raw recruits. of ruin; our constitution, that blessed But if trouble should come, a great instrument which, like a flaming sword many of them would volunteer again. Probably enough cowboys could be sacrificed to the tyranny of those who had from the West to make as large have sworn to guard it from invasion. and as effective a cavalry force as Gen. Our rights are about to be trampled in Baden-Powell ever saw. He must re- the dust; our liberties are about to be member that America has its Cossacks subverted-nay, sir, I had almost said, as well as Russia and that they are not to be overturned, and we ourselves, unall on parade in the peace establish- less the head of the monster is crushed, will be immolated upon the procrustean

This is a serious matter, es- why the crisp talk of President Roose likely to fall off the edge into the sea. was formed for the protection of in-Here the ocean does not tresspass on dividuals, and individuals for the prothe American cavalryman cannot al-ways go into the sea himself he is quite capable of driving the enemy there. Chairman, we conjure the insulted majesty of this recumbent nation, sewe conjure the insulted cure in the purity of its unrivaled integrity, to arise in the native dignity of a \$1.38 job of printing is not worth \$2.62 democratic splendor, and huri from if the rest of the Senators approve of power the base invader of our rights, that sort of economy, so much the who, not content with aiming a death blow at the perpetuity of our institutions, is seeking to consummate his un-heard of treachery by the utter anni-

Roosevelt would not say anything like into rheumatic tubes and it goes itself."

THE WORLD'S MORAL IMPROVE. this if he could, and could not be elect-

ed President if he should.

There are three kinds of oratory, the least valuable of which is the demonstrative; and there are two schools which, in ancient times were called the Ciceronian and Demosthenian. When Cicero spoke, people sauntered from his presence saying: "What a polished oration;" but when Demosthenes spoke they ran shouting "Let us fight against Philip!" The one was the oratory of sound, the other was the oratory of understanding; the one pleased, the other carried all before it. Of the two school the Demosthenian owes least to

graces and the most to mind. Oratory must be judged by its practical results. If the speaker moulds the audience to his way of thinking, persuades it to do this or that, forms public sentiment as he wills, it does not education as neglected as was Patrick word-mongering.

In the higher sense McKinley was an orator and Roosevelt is one. What they have said becomes history in its next analysis. But neither ever tore a wholesome legislation throughout Eu- passion to tatters nor attuned his words to the sound rather than to the sense.

### OIL FUEL.

[The Official and Commercial Record.] The substitution of crude oil as fuel, in place of coal, in Hawaii is proving an unqualified success. On Maui the Halku, Paia, Hawaiian Commercial and Kihei plantations are using oil. On this island Kahuku, Walalua, Oahu and Honolulu are using it and Ewa will be in a few weeks. In this city the Young Building is burning oil, and at the beginning of this week the Rapid Transit

Company converted all of its furnaces

oll burners. So far as reported, the change is working satisfactorily on all of the plantations, with a uniform reduction in cost of approximately 30% In addition to the saving in dollars oil fuel has three distinct advantages over coal. First, it requires much less labor to handle it. This is a serious consideration on the plantations, where every labor saving device and process should be fostered, as a means of meeting the demand for labor. Any machine, device or process which enables one man to do the work of two, even though its operation costs as much as

borers by 50% in connection with that particular work. This is an important consideration now, and it may in the future prove most vital. Second, it is a clean fuel. Instead of a grimy, dusty and disagreeable spot, such as the regulation coal firing room is, where oil fuel is in use, the fire room

the two men do, is a distinct advance.

as it reduces the requirements for la-

becomes a show place, as clean as a parlor, while the one fireman wears a 'biled shirt" and a standing collar, if his tastes run that way. Third, it is smokeless. Not comparatively so, but absolutely smokeless. If any smoke issues from the smoke stack it is proof positive that there is some defect in the burner used, or in the

arrangement of the furnace. An inspection of the Rapid Transit furnace and smoke stack will demonstrate this fact to any one who desires to prove This last named advantage is great importance in Honolulu. With only soft coal available, even the few fuel using concerns in town were be-coming a serious nuisance to all in their

immediate neighborhood. A few more is being improved. years of development would have made us a small Pittsburg, so far as the smoke nuisance is concerned. No smoke producer in Honolulu can hereafter plead that he cannot prevent it. With cheapness, economy of labor,

cleanliness and abolition of smoke in its avor, there does not seem to be any reason why oil should not, at an early date, entirely supersede coal in Hawaii, power producing fuel.

Its early adoption here is evidence the progressive spirit of our people and their ability to keep step with the age.

## PUBLICITY FOR CRIME.

Quite often of late the Advertiser has heard in a roundabout way of bur-glaries in Honolulu of which its police reporters could get no clue at the station house. Last Saturday night, for example, a Beretania street cottage, not far from Thomas Square, was entered in the early evening and some valuable jewelry stolen. A robbery of servant's quarters on Nuuanu street was made during a recent evening. Scarcely a week passes without bringing news of some burglarious depredation which, out of deference to the wishes of the police, the victims will say little of to the press. It is not likely that the papers hear of more than half these affairs; it is probable that, despite a contrary impression, burglary in Honolulu is very common indeed.

The scheme of keeping such things dark rests upon the idea that publicity would defeat the ends of justice But to our mind publicity would work just the other way. If a thief has a valuable bit of plunder the less it is advertised the better he is suited. He can then dispose of it the more easily. He is less likely to be detected by his neighbors or sold out by men of his own class. Let a fine gold watch be seen on the person of a doubtful char-acter and if the fact that a gold watch has lately been stolen is known to the public, one has no trouble in arriving at onclusions. It may be said that pub licity must put the thief on his guard but he is on his guard already and can keep there if he only has a stray detective to contend with. He would find it harder to stay on guard against the whole public including those or whom he might wish to work off his plunder.

We say it deliberately-ten criminals are captured through publicity to on who is captured by detective skill Since the press became universal world has no nook nor corner where the guilty can hide himself and say that he is safe.'

Hiram (after a trip to New York)-They don't carry the mail in mail Mandy-"How do they carry it-in

Hiram-"Lor,' no; they jist put It

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

At 10:15 last night the defence rested in the Murphy case.

J. H. Hertsche succeeded Tom James as manager of the Moana Hotel yester-

New officers have been elected for the Cricket club with W. L. Stanley as president. Mr. and Mrs. Daniel F. Peterson ob

served their golden wedding anniversary yesterday. The funeral of the late Adam Petrie

was held yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Odd Fellows. Reports brought by the Hall yesterday were to the effect that land own ers on Hawaii are planning a vast sisal plantation. J. Coerper and W. M. Mc-Wayne are said to be behind a scheme to get control of nearly a hundred thousand acres in the Kona district fo

sisal raising. The Senate committee on public expenditures heard testimony yesterday afternoon on the petition of Judge Ka lua for payment of \$1502 for paint which the Board of Health refuses to pay Kalua was present and said that though he had the contract the Board bought paini elsewhere. President Cooper denied this and said that the taro growing at the settlement was used. He said that Kalua did not fulfill his contract.

There was a little excitement in Judge Robinson's court yesterday when the court censured the jurors in the murder case for separating, saying that two of them had left the others. Juror Quinn said he and Girdler were the men meant, and that they had simply got ahead of the others, expecting them to follow. He claimed that Bailiff Sea had called him a liar, but the matter was afterwards amicably adjusted the court getting a statement from Sea to the effect that Quinn had called him a liar, and he had replied 'You're another."

### (From Thursday's Daily.)

Press Bulletin No. 5, from the H vali Experiment Station, deals w. Manila hemp.

H. T. Marsh, of the Hawaiian Supp Company, has received news of death of his mother, Mrs. H. J. Mars at Dalton, Georgia. Printing will begin on the new d

ectory next Monday. All chang should be reported at once-No. 7 El Building or call up Blue 3461. The new Chinese consul has issu

an address to his countrymen savi that he has assumed charge in Hawa and asking their co-operation.

At the elections for officers in t National Guard, J. H. Thompson w chosen captain of Co. H. Holi, fit lieutenant, and Ka-ne, second lieute ant. In Co. F Captain Johnson was r elected, C. H. Tracy was chosen fit lieutenant and Chas. Coster secon lieutenant.

Captain Berger has received a r quest from the Congressional Libra for copies of Hawaiian music.

Altogether there has been a total about \$225,000 paid out by Treasu Agent McLennan to fire claimants. M. P. Robinson has been elected pre ident of the Walluku Sugar Co., succeed the late S. C. Allen. C. Cooke succeeds Mr. Robinson as a

rector.

Supt. Cooper has notified Manag Pain of the Tramways Co. to remo the old rails on Waikiki road. The rails are in the way now that the room

Tht following new beer licenses ha been issued by Treasurer Kepoikai: F. Ryan, Alakea street between Me chant and Queen; Henry E. Petterse Queen and Coral streets.

President Brown of the First Natio Bank states that an error was made in the published account of the schedules in the Herrick bankruptcy case He says the amount due the First National Bank is \$750 and not \$3,000, as the schedules make it appear.

Mr. R. B. Reedy, who has been appointed on the new Board of Pharmacy, is in charge of the Hobron Drug Co.'s branch store in the Sachs' block. W. E. Taylor is the well-known physician and D. E. Peck is assistant chemist at the Experimental Station of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Associa-

"Sure, Murphy was wrong, an' he knowd he was wrong an' he owned up loike a little man." "Did he, now?" "Yis, but he licked the other man fir-rst!"-Puck.

## EMERGENCY' RATION

A man has lived forty days without other food than his own fat.

Fat is man's emergency ration. The fat is stored in convenient hollows all over the body against the day of necessity.

Consumption makes heavy demand on the storage of fat. Nature uses fat to fight the disease. The crying need of the consumptive is fat.

Scott's Emulsion contains the best fat to be had, next to human fat itself. Scott's Emulsion is a natural substitute for human fat. It prevents waste. It furnishes the consumptive with nature's own weapon for fighting the disease.

We'll send you a sample free upon request. SCOTT & BOWNE. 400 Pearl Street, New York.

## Old as the Pyramids

And as little changed by the ages, is Scrofula, than which no disease, save Consumption, is responsible for a larger mortality, and Consumption is its outgrowth.

It affects the glands, the mucous membranes, tissues and bones; causes bunches in the neck, catarrhal troubles, rickets, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, cutaneous erup-

"I suffered from scrofula, the disease af-fecting the glands of my neck. I did every-thing I was told to do to eradicate it, but without success. I then began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the swelling in my neck entirely disappeared and my skin resumed a smooth, healthy appearance. The cure was complete." Miss ANITA MITCHELL, 915 Scott St., Covington, Ky.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Thoroughly eradicate scrofula and build up the system that has suffered from it.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Hono-lulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolu-lu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE,—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Ma-chinery of every descrition made to order.

## HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, May 28, 1903.

NAME OF STOCK	Capital	Val	Bid	Ask
MERCANTILE	= 147			
L. B. Kerr Co., Ltd	1,000,000 200,000	100 50		400
SUGAR				
Ewa. Haw. Agricultural Co.	5,000,000	20 100	20	250
Haw. Com. & Bug. Co.	2,312,750	100		1
Haw. Sugar Co Honomu	750,000	100	2314	27
Honokas	2,000,000	20		11
Halku	500,000	100		
Kahuku Kihei Plan, Co., L'd	500,000 2,500,000	20 50		
Kipahulu	180,000	100		
McBryde Sug. Co. L'd.	500,000 8,500,000	100	814	
McBryde Sug. Co. L'd. Oahu Sugar Co.	3,600,600	100	23	105
Onomea	500,000	20 20	23	25
Olas Sugar Co. Ltd.	5,000,000	20	734	81/4
Ookaia Olaa Sugar Co, Ltd. Clowalu Pasuhau Sugar Plan-	150,000	100		102
theiling Co	5,000.000	50		
Pacial	500,000	100	*****	250
Paia Pepeekeo	750,000	100		175
Pioneer	2,750,000	100	•	1001
Walluku	700,000	100	473%	55
Walluku	252,000	100		165
STEAMSELP CO'S		11.		1
Wilder S. S. Co	500,000	100 100	110	115
MISCELLANBOUS	DOMEST.			
Haw'n Electric Co	500,000	100	99	1021
Mon. R. T. & L. Co	1,000,000	100	75	81
Hon. R. T. & L. Co Mutual Tel. Co O. R. & L. Co	4,000,000	100		9236
BONDS				
Haw. Govt. 5 p. c				9814
Haw. Govt. 5 p. c Hilo R. R. Co. 6 p. c Hon, E. T. & L. Co.		•••••		
Ewa Pl'n 6 p. c.		•••••	•	10014
O. R. & L. Co	********		201	10034 1041 1013
Olas Pl'n 6 p. c		•••••		1013
HOD, E. T. & L. Co. 6 p. c				100
Kahuku 6 p. c			4	102

\$23.12% paid.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey, Published Every Monday.

Day		BAROM.		THERM.		Sa.	Hun	Clouds	Wind.		
	iny .	9 a. m.	8 p.m.	Min	Max	Rainfall to	Hamidity	da	4	oree.	
S M T W T F	17 18 19 20	30.03 29.99 30.05	29 96 29 98 29 97	66 68 67 71 68 72 71	81 82 81 78 83 83 82 81	0 20 0 05 0 36 0 02		5-2 6 2 8-7 8-4 5	SW-N S-NE S-NE SE NE SE NE	1 0 1 0 2 0 8 0	

Barometer corrected to 32 F. and sea level, and for standard gravity of Lat. 45. This correction is—06 for Honolulu.

TIDES, BUN AND MOUN.								_	
Days	May-June	High Tide	Ht. of Tide	High Tide	Large.	Bmall	Sun Rines.	Sun Sets	and Sets.
Mon Tues	25 26	3.09	2.0	2 31 03.15	8.16	9.59	5.18	6.86	5 2
Wed.	27	4.29	2.1	4.01	9.81	11.34	5.18	6.36	Sets 7.4
Thur. Frid	29	5 12 5,58 6'46	2.1 2.0 1.9	4.51 5.47 6.50	10 11 10.55 11 46	0 24 1.15	5.18 5.18 5.17	6 37 6.37 6.38	8.43 9.40 10.33
Bun	31	7 88	1.7	8.05	2 06	p.m. 12.48	5.17	6.38	11.2
Mon.	1	8 36	1.5	9.24	2 58	2.15	5 17	6 38	
1483				1000	55043	100	77.00	1	

New moon on the 26th at 12:20 p. m. Times or the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Sur-

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur bout one hour earlief than at Honolulu. Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees 30 minutes. The time whistle blows at 1:30 . m., which is the same as Greenwich, 9 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for ocal time for the whole group.



# THE TERM IS **ALMOST PAU**

## Jurors In Both the Courts Were Excused.

The work of the May term of Circuit Court was practically concluded yesterday, and there will not be another term until September under the new law. There will be no extension of the present term which ends Monday, the attorneys in a petition to Judge Robinson having requested that this be not done.

The criminal calendar has been cleared of all cases ready for trial, and there are hardly half a dozen remaining upon the calendar. It was the intention to begin next week with the trial of civil cases, but in view of the request of the attorneys this was aban-

Both Judge De Bolt and Judge Rob inson excused their juries yesterday after thanking the members heartily for their assistance during the past term. THE WIDE TIRE CASE.

The case of the Territory against John Correa, which involved the question of the application of Act 25 of the statutes of 1898, which regulates the width of the tires of wagon wheels, to such vehicles as are used by the Pacific Transfer Company, was the last case tried yesterday before Judge Robinson and a jury. When the testimony moved the Court to direct the jury to acquit, on two grounds, first: that the Act could not be enforced, because it was ambiguous and uncertain in 'not presenting the point where the axle should be measured in order to determine what the width of the tires should be, and, second: because it was inapplicable to light wagons, such as are employed by the Pacific Transfer Company and other express concerns which are not concerned in the transportation of heavy merchandise. Samuel A. Macy, the police officer who made the arrest, testified that the possible carrying strength of the wagon, driven by the defendant, John Correa, in his opinion, was about fourteen hundred pounds and that average leads would be a thousand pounds. Mr. Highton claimed that the wagon

of the Pacific Transfer Co.'s driven by the defendant, was property used for a lawful purpose, in a lawful vocation, and with no possible injury to the public streets or to individuals, and, therefore, within the protection of the fifth and fourteenth amendments of the Constitution of the United States. He contended further that there was no evidence to show, even if the statute could be otherwise sustained, that the axle had been measured at the point of its greatest weakness, which was all the act could have meant, if capable of being constructively defined. Mr. Highton was broad and clear in his admissions of the regulating power of the legislature, in proper cases, and did not claim that the law in all its parts was insufficient, but acknowledged its potency in protecting the streets and highways against heavy drays and trucks, which required tires to prevent injury to thorough-

Deputy Attorney General Peters made a full argument for the prosecution, to which Mr. Highton replied, Judge Robinson then granted the motion and instructed the jury to render a verdict for the defendant, which was done. Judge Robinson did not consider it necessary to pass upon the constitutional questions, but placed his decision on the ground that the evidence would not support a verdict

This case has excited considerable interest among transportation and express companies, doing the lighter work of the community, for the reason that the alteration of wagon tires is very expensive, and, as they claim, unnecessary.

THE YIM QUON CASE.

Judge De Bolt sustained the demurrer in the case of Yim Quon charged with forgery and the indictment was dismissed. The court held that a receipt was not included in documents which constituted forgeries under the Hawalian law.

### **HAWAII'S POLICE METHODS** UNDER HOT CRITICISM

(Continued from page 1.)

Vida said that he thought Andrews should be prosecuted to recover monies taken out of salaries for uniforms.

Fernandez said he had seen service under Czar Andrews, and had frequent disputes over these deductions, which practically caused his resignation.

MONEY PAID SCHOOL BOY.

Beckley said that he wanted to call attention to the case of the Deputy Sheriff of South Kona, whose salary of the Bill in order to meet the objections had been fixed by the Legislature at \$60 tions made by the Governor in the Bill \$25 a month drawn against the inciden- that the House Bill Number 4 may be tals fund, made in the name of young amended to avoid the objections made Yates, a school boy, now messenger by the Governor in the other Bill; a for the House. This, Beckley said, was copy of the bill so amended is hereto only one-ten thousandth of Andrews' attached and made a part of this requeer actions.

Fernandez explained that Andrews did not get the money himself but sim-ply paid it over to the telephone com-

SOME BOCKING HERE.

amend with a paragraph to ask the At- the

said that in Koolau a jailor was apmoney than if the members owned it bouffe, wasn't it, this here cabinet se- Peters testifying to any conversation he pointed but no salary provided, and in ance?" order to pay him \$15 each was taken

having been made, and wanted to know why protests had not been made, Vida answered that Andrews had told some of the officers that if they exposed his system of docking he would fire them, and as poor men they had to keep their jobs. Gandall said only one side had been presented. He did not oppose the appropriation but he wanted to warn members to be careful. He did not want to see action looking to the request for Andrews' resignation except after close investigation.

Wright interrupted to ask if Gandall had ever seen Andrews and there was not defending Andrews but con-demned police who would keep silent rather than lose their places. The com-mittee rose and reported progress and the House then took a recess until 2

When the session was resumed Gandall continued to assert that only one side had been heard, that there must be a second side and that no allegation was made that the official had converted the money to his own use. He maintained that the officers who per-mitted their salaries to be docked and did not protest to the High Sheriff were culpable. He called upon the members to weigh carefully the question of asking that an official be removed without further evidence being taken.

NO DEMAND FOR REMOVAL. The Chairman ruled out of order the

discharge of Andrews.

Kealawaa had read the letter from the captain of police of South Hilo, saying that while his salary was \$100, but that he only received \$75.

Pulaa said the practice was one which came down from the time of Marshal Hitchcock, of docking salaries for uniforms and went into a long explana- as Baker could testify. Peters was tion of the police methods. He digressed not allowed to tell of the interpretation to the Hackfeld wharf and other sub- made by Baker, but the jury found amjects and wound up with a demand for ple evidence without that that an atthe passage of the item. He likewise explained to Andrade that the policeman signs a voucher, on which a warrant is issued, the officers being comfor the prosecution was completed, rant is issued, the officers being com-Henry E, Highton, for the defendant pelled to pay back the amount claimed Supreme Court noted. The appeal bond and for the Pacific Transfer Company, as due the department. Andrade said was fixed at \$1,000. the fact that the policemen consented and acquiesced in the payment, there was a new phase to the case. As to as interpreter during the negotiations Andrews, he said, he had been brand-ed as a thief, a felon, everything that was the first witness. He testified that was bad. This was not fair to An- he was first approached by the Chinese

MONEY FOR UNIFORMS

Vida read a letter showing that Andrews had refunded uniform money collected in Kohala in March and said it was unjust that the police pay \$5 a month on the fund and perhaps get only one uniform, worth perhaps only

Haia argued that the uniform money should be repaid and Kalama argued as to the difference between systems to the credit of Maui. Kaniho was afraid that some man who had been discharged might not get his money and Vida had read an inserted in the bill a list of the officers who were to also testified to. receive \$48 each for refunding of rates. The Item was then inserted in the

## GANDALL PRAISES KAUAL

John Gandall rose to a question of ed to tell how on that island everything some general questions relating to the went on peaceably and quietly and he alleged bribery.
wished to publicly commend the Sheriff "Yes, I thought he was going to acwished to publicly commend the Sheriff of Kauai for his course.

of Hawaii and that he be requested to guide his actions accordingly.

The committee then rose and reported. The House refused to take a re-

cess until evening. Kealawaa then introduced the bill of which he had given notice in the morning. The bill appropriates \$18,000 for expenses, \$5,000 for the Senate and \$13,000 for the House. The bill also provided for the repeal of Senate Bill No. 2, its expense bill, but the Speaker ruled as that bill had been signed and the money drawn, the bill was out of

The House then adjourned.

## IN THE SENATE.

Senator Achi presented a report of the judiciary committee on the House unpaid bills with a substitute bill. The report is as follows:

Honorable C. L. Crabbe, President of the Senate.

Sir: Your Judiciary Committee to whom House Bill Number 4 was referred, respectfully report as follows:

Your Committee has consulted with the Clerk of the House who states to your Committee, that the House needs the money for translation and printing the journal of the regular session, the "And the Chinaman went cost of which will be as follows:

Printing the English Version say, 1200 pages at \$2.10.....\$2,520.00 Printing the Hawaiian Version

say, 1300 pages at \$2.10..... 2,730.00 Leaving a balance for Translation of say..... 1,150.00

Total . .....\$7,000.00 that the contract for the above work

The Clerk of the House further states, is being given.

and \$2,600.00, being at the rate of fifty his legal assistance, if the defendant cents per folio. Your Committee changes the wording

Andrews had warrants for for \$13,000.00 and herewith recommends port.

Respectfully submitted,

W. C. ACHI, P. P. WOODS,

Senator McCandless objected to the SOME BOCKING HERE. adoption of the report at \$2.10 a page something like that. In case Tong Kai finally Baker had said the Chinese were Kaniho began to tell how on this isl- for printing when the Senate had its was arrested for running a pakapio willing to pay \$500 per week for each and police salaries were docked and the work done for \$1.38. He thought the game, the Attorney General was to money used to pay a non-commissioned House was too liberal with the people's policeman. He said he would move to money. If the Senate was to permit to get attorneys, pay lawyer's fees, put Baker off so that he could get at amend with a paragraph to ask the At- the House to do as it pleased why House to do as it pleased why and if arrested take care of him. torney-General to remove L. A. An- should the Senate amend any bills that came from the House. The legislature was all arranged before hand, wasn't cipal was to call at the Attorney-Genshould be more careful with the public it?" asked Brooks, "Sort of opera eral's office. Objection was made to Mr. Kou, the silent, endorse Vida, and should be more careful with the public it?

Continued on page 8.)

# from the salaries of the two police to pay this man. GANDALL WANTS DELIBERATION. Gandall asked as to complaints ever TO OAHU PRISON FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS

## was a long colloquoy, Gandall saying he was not defending Andrews but con- Man Who Attempted to Secure Permission justifiable to catch the parties, From Attorney-General's Department for Gambling Is Found Guilty.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Tong Kai was found guilty of attempting to bribe Deputy Attorney General Peters by a jury yesterday afternoon and was by Judge De Bolt sentenced to serve a term of eighteen months in Oohu jail and to pay the costs of the prosecution. There was no defense. Tong Kai failed to go on the stand, and with nothing but his amendment of Kaniho asking for the plea of not guilty before them and without explanation the jury was not long in reaching an agreement as to and of a Chinese to whom the defen-dant had told of his intentions to "fix" the matter was practically all that went to the jury. The statements made to Mr. Peters were allowed only so far

BAKER'S TESTIMONY. John Baker the Hawaiian who acted ago. Tong Kai had asked him whether he was acquainted with the Attorney General, and Baker replied that he Then Tong Kai said he wanted him to act as interpreter in making an offer to the Attorney General to permit the pakapio games to be run. Baker told also of the several conversations he had had with Peters in which he first offered to pay him for his efforts in securing the lottery men freedom from prosecution. The conversation in the Attorney General's office between Peters and Baker, in which the Chinese made the direct offer to pay \$1,500 per week for three games was

The cross-examination by Brooks was interesting, though the testimony of the native was not shaken, even though he became a trifle confused in relating the circumstances of the deal.

"You thought Mr. Peters was going privilege, saying every island had had to take the money all this time?" the a champlon but Kaual, and he proceed- witness was asked after answering

of Kauai for his course.

Kaniho suggested that the remarks of Gandall be communicated to the Sheriff and assist in this matter?"

WAS ONLY INTERPRETER. "No. I was not, I was willing to in-

terpret for the Cholnaman.'

"Yes, for money." "How much money?"

terpreting." "How much, five dollars a day, I

suppose? 'I don't know, he said he was going to give me a cup of tea, that is the English they call it lottery.'

THE CUP OF TEA.

"An you expect the jury to believe

"Yes, because it's so." "And you who know six languages,

and are a notary public under the Attorney General's Department were going to assist this Chinaman to bribe the Attorney General?

was simply acting as interpreter." "Now, who paid the car fare to the you never had?"

"Yes, but—" Capitol Building?"

"Oho! you did?"

"Yes, the Chinaman said he didn't have a spare nickel in change and "And the Chinaman went along with-

out any influence being used on your 'He said he was afraid to go at first,

because he had just been cinched \$250 for running a pakapia game."
"Well, if this was pau were you to

get your money?" "I don't know." "on't you know that no pakapio

games are running now?"
"He was going to start one if the Attorney General took the \$1,500. "What was the Attorney General go-

He also states that the translation of the Journal may cost between \$1,750.00 "He was going to give the \$1,500 for "He was was arrested the Attorney General had to pay the fines, bonds and every-

By the Court-"Was the arrangewas to personally appear in court and defend Tong Kai?"

'Yes, something like that." WOULD QUASH INDICTMENT.

By C. S. Desky, a juror—"Was it un-derstood that the Attorney General was to quash the indictment when the case was called?'

"No, it wasn't."

"You knew all about it beforehand, didn't you, about the Attorney General mediately upon his argument to being in the cabinet?"

next morning." "Had you any idea before you left the room that he was in the cabinet?" asked F. W. McFarlane, a juror.

"No. sir." "Did you know they came out of the

cabinet? "No, there was too much excitement around there, Peters had a gun and was not proscuting any gambling cases

he?" asked Brooks.
"No. I had my hands on the table, in an hour and a hal the Chinaman had his in his pockets, a verdict of guilty. and I told the Chinaman to put up his hands quick or he would be a dead man, and he did."

This ended Baker's testimony amid a general roar of laughter.

Kai was one of seven men arrested in April for running a pakapio game, and that Tong Kai had withdrawn his appeal and paid a fine of \$250 in the two years, which the legislature looks circuit court.

KNEW WHAT AN OATH WAS.

Ah Kong, a Chinese with a good knowledge of English was the next witness. The defendant asked that he be allowed to examine into his knowledge as to the meaning of an oath. drews, he said, for he should have a at his residence a number of weeks hinting that he had been previously convicted of perjury.

"Do you know what it means when you hold your hand up?" asked Brooks.

"Yes, it means to swear," said the Chinese. "Mean anything else?"

"It means to tell everything I know." "Would it make any difference if you held up both hands-just hold up one hand?"

"It means that I tell the truth." At this point Judge De Bolt stopped any further examination, saying that he would hold the juror to be qualified. Chinese are afraid to go on a bond after The witness on direct examination said he was a member of the gambling concern known as the Tuck Lee bank and that he had had conversation with the defendant on May 9th, just prior to the bribery incident, and after the pakapio cases had been dismissed

in court. "Tong Kai was passing my place and I asked him about the money that I had in the pakapio game," said the witness in relating the conversation. "I asked why he didn't divide it up, now that the game was stopped. He said, "why do you want to take your money back, we will open again in a week or so." I asked him how he was going to do it and he said, "Well, I think I can fix it up," but I told him Mr. Andrews pull the games too many. when we open again."

I told him if we start again, all right, if not I want my money back. The Tuck Kee Co ran a pakapio game, in

THE CROSS EXAMINATION. The witness on cross examination "An you expect the jury to believe said there were twenty-five shares in you were going to do this for a cup of the bank, and that he held one.

'Were you arrested with Tong Kal for running a gambling game and the Attorney General nolle prossed your case?" asked Brooks. "Yes, they let me go, I was a wit-

ness. "No, I was not going to assist him, was simply acting as interpreter."

"In the police court weren't you asked whether you had ever heard of the Tuck Lee bank and didn't you say

"Never mind, didn't you?"
"Yes, I said it." the witness finally
managed to say, "I said it because—"
'Is it true?" interrupted Brooks.

You fellows told me to say it, you

say I lose money if I don't." BROOKS TOLD HIM TO.

"So money is all you care for, is it? "You tell me to answer that way, to say I don't know," insisted the wit-"So you would go on the stand and

take an oath an still tell a lie?" "I didn't tell lie." "You said you weren't a member of

"Because you tell me to, and say lose If I don't." "Who told you to?"

"Why, you fellows, you tell me I will lose money if I say that." This ended the examina tion and Mr. Peters was sent for.

The defendant offered to admit what he would say, but demurred when Mr. ment made that the Attorney General Andrews began to state what he ex-was to personally appear in court and defend Tong Kai?"

Andrews began to state what he ex-pected to prove by Peters. Adjourn-ment was then taken until one o'clock to permit Mr. Peters to testify.

PETERS ON THE STAND. Mr. Peters went on the stand in the afternoon and told how Baker had first come to him with a suggestion that a hui of Chinese gamblers was ready to pay for police protection. There were "There was a verbal understanding several visits to the office of Peters and the principal. Finally Sunday was fix-This thing, this bribery business, ed upon as the day at which the prin-Peters testifying to any conversation he a German a gold piece he falls in a had with the interpreter and Judge De fit and then you can take it away from Bolt ruled that this evidence could not

be presented, as a man is not bound by any statements not made in his pres-ence, or which he does not understood. The witness however testified to the manner of Tong Kai, and that he ap-peared to understand what was going on. "On several occasions," said Peters, "while Baker was interpreting to me, the defendant would check him, and seemingly correct him. On occasion, too, Tong Kai would begin to reply in Chinese to my questions, be-fore Baker had a chance to interpret

Mr. Peters further testified that there had been no arrangements of any kind with Baker, and that be had reported the fact to the Attorney-General. He said that it had been an insult to the Department, and considered any trap

The cross-examination of Mr. Peters was brief. He said he was twenty-five years of age, and had practiced law since he was twenty-one. He said also he had not given his photo to the Advertiser, and that he had not appeared in any pakapio cases.

Mr. Brooks then announced after consultation with the defendant that he McLellan is the first preliminary step had no evidence to offer, and began im-This was simply to the effect jury. "I didn't know about them being in that there was no testimony of bribery, the cabinet, until I read it in the paper except that of Baker, who he said, had except that of Baker, who he said, had solicited Tong Kai to go to the Attorney-General. Further that gam-bling is a fixed institution, that everyone gambled, and the Chinese always would gamble in Honolulu. He did not believe there was any case against the defendant and further there could have been no attempt to bribe Peters, for he was pointing it at us."

Mr. Andrews replied briefly and Judge
"He wasn't pointing it at you, was De Bolt then instructed the jury, which retired shortly after two o'clock. With-in an hour and a half the jury returned

Tong Kal was immediately called be fore the bar, and in response to the court's questions said he had nothing to say why sentence should not be passeneral roar of laughter.

The defendant admitted that Tong employed and did nothing for a living.

THE SENTENCE. "The law provides the highest penalty for this offense to be imprisonment for on as the proper penalty," said Judge De Bolt. "That is the penalty for extreme cases, and while I will not say this is an extreme case, yet it is a serious case. The sentence of the court is

you pay the costs of this proceeding." Mr. Brooks noted an appeal and suggested that the bail bond be fixed at \$500, which the court said was too lit-

that you be confined in Oahu Jail for

the term of eighteen months, and that

"It is the same ball he has been out on before." "Conditions have changed," remark-

d Judge De Bolt. "I know," said Brooks

Attorney-General Andrews said he was willing to agree to \$1,000. "That is decidedly moderate," re-marked Judge De Bolt. "I don't know whether I can get that

a man is convicted." "I don't blame them," said the court.

big a bond or not," said Brooks.

# The bond was fixed at \$1,000.

The program for the Memorial Day uanu Cemetery was completed yester- gone government will be taking a little day by the committee of the Geo, W. least five consecutive days, and have government will be taking a little day by the committee of the Geo. W. assembled for drill and instruction at more money, and make it more light De Long Post, No. 45, G. A. R. The company, battalion, or regimental arthe various civic societies which have been invited, to turn out. Only the authority of the State or Territory by will participate.

It is the intention of the various orform at the Elk's Hall, which is also NEW OFFICERS IN ganizations which will take part to the Grand Army headquarters. line of march has been arranged as yet, but it will probably be along Beretania street to Emma, up Emma to Vineyard street then on Vineyard to

to take place at two o'clock, and the program will be as follows: Ritual..E, A. Strout, Post Commander Prayer.....L. L. La Pieere, Chaplain second lieutenant. Ritual .....Post Commander Music. . ......Band 

Nuuanu avenue and on out to the ca

metery. The exercises are scheduled

Ritual. . ..... · ····Chaplain

Decorating Graves ......Fred Sherman, Officer of the Day Salute the Dead..... "America".. . ..... Benediction ...... Rev. S. S. Parker

The following order for the services were issued by Colonel Jones yesterday: Honolulu, May 28th, 1903.

General Orders No. 36. The First Regiment, N. G. H., will August 31st, 1903. assemble at the Drill Shed, under Cantain Samuel arms, on Saturday, May 30th, 1903, at 1:00 p. m., preparatory to taking part in the ceremonies on Decoration Day. Field and Staff will parade mounted. Uniform Mounted Officers—Fatigue,

Line Officers-Fatigue, white trousers, leggings and white gloves. By order of Col. Jones, (Signed)

JOHN SCHAEFER, Captain and Adjutant.

## Advantageous Tips.

blue trousers and gloves.

One of Sousa's bandsmen is quite a humorist. He was once a participant in conversation where the subject of tip-giving arose. The bandsman said that in Germany, where the waiters are satisfied with very small tips, he always gave a gold piece, "Because, you see," he added, "when you give

# THE GUARD INSPECTION

## Department Will Then Control.

Orders were issued vesterday for the National Guard inspection and drill to take place at Camp McKinley to-morrow morning. The inspection by Major towards the War Department assuming control of the Hawalian National Guard.

The following is the order issued by Colonel Jones:

Headquarters First Regiment National

Guard of Hawaii. Honolulu, Hawaii, May 27th, 1903. General Orders No. 35.

The First Regiment National Guard of Hawaii, will assemble at the Drill Shed, under arms, on Saturady, May 30th, 1903, at 9:00, for inspection and review.

By order of Colonel Jones. JOHN SCHAEFER, (Signed.) Captain and Adjutant,

Major McLellan will also probably in the near future visit Hilo and Wailuku for the purpose of inspecting the companies in those places.

According to the order issued by General Miles, through Adjutant General Corbin, Major McLellan will deter-

1. The strength of the various organizations, making full returns thereof, including classification of officers and men present and absent as shown by the official returns, verifying absentees from duly certified lists, together with a report as to whether or not all the officers and men are regularly enlisted.

2. A return showing all United States rifles and carbines on hand, with all attachments and equipments, ammunition or parts of ammunition, there-(a) A separate return showing all

United States magazine arms, with

bayonets, bayonet scabbards, gun

slings, belts, and such other necessary accouterments and equipments as have been isued since December 1, 1901. (b) An estimate showing the number of United States standard service magazine arms (rifles and carbines), with bayonets, bayonet scabbards, gun slings, belts, and such other accouterments and equipments, including sabers, pistols, and horse equipments, as are prescribed for the regular army of the United States, required for arming and equipping the organizations, based the numbers reported in return herein required from inspectors, the quantity on hand (serviceable and un-serviceable), and the quantities to be

supplied to complete equipment. Whether the organizations are sufficiently armed, uniformed, and quipped for active service in the field. 4. Whether the organizations during the year ending June 30, 1903, have par-Exercises to be held tomorrow at Nu- ticipated in practice marches, or have into camps of instruction at parade this year will not be as large mories or rendezvous, or for target as usual, because of the inability of practice not less than twenty-fours Grand Army men, the National Guard an officer of the militia thereof, or by and the soldiers from Camp McKinley an officer of the regular army under authority of the Secretary of War.

# NATIONAL GUARD

At the election held in National Guard companies on Wednesday evening the following officers were chosen:

Co. "C"-J. M. Camara, captain;

Santos, first lieutenant; T. R. Mellin, Co. "G"-Gus Rose, captain; Kamal-

pill, first lieutenant; Kekaulike, second lieutenant. Co. "B"-J. B. Gorman, captain; A. D. Wise, first lieutenant; John Cook,

### second lieutenant, New Examining Board.

Honolulu, May 27th, 1903. General Orders No. 34.

The following Board of Officers for the purpose of examining applicants for non-commissioned officers' warrants, is hereby appointed to serve until

Captain Samuel Johnson, Co. "F", 1st Regt., N. G. H. Captain Gustave Rose, Co. "G", 1st,

Regt., N. G. H. 1st Lieut. Berndt, Co. "A", 1st Regt., N. G. H.

### By order of Col. Jones, Signed) JOHN SCHAEFER, Captain and Adjutant,

Goo Kim in New Quarters. Mr. Goo Kim, one of the oldest merchants of Honolulu has disposed of his interest in the old stand on Nuuanu street and has taken a lease of the premises formerly occupied by Chiya & Co., corner Nuuanu and Hotel streets. Thes tore is now open and no old or shop worn goods on hand as the old stock was entirely disposed of by

auction.

### INSURANCE.

## Theo. H. Davies & Co

(Limited.) AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

## Northern Assurance Company

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE, Established 1836.
Accumulated Funds .... £3,975,000.

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Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims.

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AGENTS FOR The Ewa Plantation Company. The Waialua Agricultural Co., Ltd. The Kohala Cugar Company. he Waimea Sugar Mill Company. he Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo The Standard Oil Company. The George F. Blake Eteam Pumps. Weston's Centrifugals. The New England Mutual Life Insur-

ance Company, of Boston.
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn. The Alliance Assurance Company, of

## Castle & Cooke.

-LIMITED.-

## LIFE and FIRE **INSURANCE** AGENTS. . .

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New England Mulual Life Insurance Go OF BOSTON,

Actna Life Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. THERAPION. This successful medy, used in the Continental Residuals by Ricord, Rostan, Johert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and syrpasses everything by the combines of the kind, and syrpasses everything by the combines. Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything intherio employed. THERAPHON NO. I maintains its world-remember of the kidneys, pains in the back, and kindred alliandis, affording prompt relief where either well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPHON NO. 2 for impurity of the olood, scarvy, pamples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of joints, gout, theumatism, & all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ moreary, sarsaparilla &c., to the destruction of sufferers' technand rum of, health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all possenous matter from the body.

THERAPION NO. 3 for exhaustion, sleep lessness, and all distressing consequences of disapation, worry, overwork, &c. It possesses earprising power in restoring strengthand vigor to those suffering from the energy training power in restoring strengthand vigor to long residence in hot, unhealthy climates.

these suffering from the energating influences of long testificate in bot, unhealthy climates.

THERAPION is sold by the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. Price in England 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. In ordering state which of the three numbers is required, and observe that the word "Therapion" appears on the British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of his Majosty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it was forgery.

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## PLANTER'S ASSOCIATION WILL HELP AGRICULTURE BUREAU

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

A special meeting of the Board of Agriculture was held at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works yesterday at 1:30 p. n., all of the members being present. A report was presented and read and trees on hand. He also presented a list of the urgent requirements of the gardens.

Mr. Thurston, who was appointed at the last meeting of the Board as a committee to meet the Hawaiian Planters' Association to ascertain if they were willing to do anything toward the employment of additional assistants in the entomological department, reported that he had met the association members on Monday, and laid the matter before them. He had stated that it was the desire of the Board to have an assistant accompany Prof. Koebele abroad in his collecting tours, improvements, and this includes every one but Kauai, will try and and also to have an assistant to the entomologist in charge of the operations in the islands.

in which they offered to continue the payment of one-half the salary someness in sticking the knife into Honolulu, evident not only on the and travelling expenses of Prof. Koebele, and also one-half of the salary of each of the two assistant entomologists, one to travel abroad and one to remain on the islands, the government to pay the other

The secretary was instructed to cable to Prof. Koebele to immediately engage and send to Hawaii an assistant entomologist so that he might be learning the local conditions prior to the departure of Prof. Koebele in July next when he intends to go to Australia to study the leaf hopper and endeavor to secure insects which will 12stroy it.

The matter of appointments and drawing up rules and regula-tions as provided for by the act of the legislature, was considered, but it was decided to take no action thereunder until the passage of the

Mr. Cooper reported that the appropriation bill as asked for by the Board had passed the Senate and was in now pending before the House. The meeting adjourned to meet again on Wednesday, June 3, at 2 p. m., and Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, each week, was decided upon as the regular session dates.

## Commission Merchants GOVERNMENT NURSERY AND THE NUUANU FOREST

(Continued from page 2.)

have had during the past year. Where we are now planting, which is opposite the quarters, the trees are doing a great deal better and farther down the valley they will do better still. Many kinds of trees have been tried on the tract, but none have done so well as the following four species:

Acacia Melanoxylon (Australian Blackwood). Casuarina Equisetifolia (Ironwood). Grevillea Robusta (Silk Oak). Eucalyptus Robusta (Swamp Mahogany).

About four years ago, the Board of Agriculture and Forestry recommended the planting of four rows of different kinds of trees on each side of the road from the pali to the Half-way House. They were planted at a distance from the road to allow of the planting of ornamental trees along the roadsides, if desired. The idea was, that the trees would grow up and form a kind of guide in selecting the most suitable ones for the different elevations, and also that they would form a windbreak for more ornamental kinds along the roadside. Out of the many species planted, the four mentioned above have done better than any of the others. Guided by this, and experiments made at the station, the planting of the four kinds mentioned in the most exposed places, has been the rule for some time back.

The following trees have been planted in sheltered places:

Aleritus Moluccana (Kukui). Maba Sandwicensis (Lama). Syncarpia Laurifolia (Turpentine tree). Catalpa Kaempferi (Cotton wood). Cryptomeria Japonica (Japanese Cedar). Cupressus Macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress).

Trees to the amount of ten thousand have been planted out during the past five months. They were planted at a distance of six feet each way, or twelve hundred and ten per acre.

Trees to the amount of sixteen thousand, comprising the following varieties, remain in Nursery.

Acacia Koa. Acacia Melanoxylon (Australian Blackwood). Casuarina Equisetifolia (Ironwood). Catalpa Kaempferi (Cotton wood). Cryptomeria Japonica (Japanese Cedar). Cupressus Macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress), Eucalyptus Calophylla. Eucalyptus Robusta (Swamp Mahogany). Maba Sandwicensis (Lama). Ochrosia Sandwicensis (Holei).

Syncarpia Laurifolia (Turpentine tree).

There is no doubt that some of the Araucarias would make splen did forest trees for Nuuanu if good seeds were at all obtainable. The station is in need of a propagating house, also a quantity of seed boxes. Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

DAVID HAUGHS.

## LOO JOE AGAIN IN THE TOILS

Officer Ah On arrested Loo Joe, the Nuuanu street merchant, yesterday afternoon, on a charge of keeping a gambling house. Loo Joe is the Chinese who recently figured in a case where a bogus fan-tan stick was used in the game. He was arrested at the time on a charge of robbery, four Chinese alleging that they had been held MOUNTAIN RESORTS: up at the point of a revolver in Loo Joe's rooms. Loo Joe was acquitted in the Circuit Court during the week.

### HIGH FEELING IN HOUSE.

(Continued from page 3.) the whole trouble has been in giving the work to one office and they could-n't do it in time." If the Senate wishes to have this bill printed I will guarantee to have it

ready in the morning," said President "You can't do it," said Isenberg.

"I can have it ready in two hours if necessary," returned Crabbe. Then upon motion of Isenberg, who is chair man of the Printing Committee in the absence of Brown, the president was in structed to have the bill prinfed. Upon motion of Senator Isenberg an adjournment was then taken until this orning at ten o'clock.

TIME AND MONEY. - Sickness auses a loss of both time and money. You lose the time and have the expense of medical attendance, entailing a double loss. This can be avoided by using some reliable remedy at the first stage of the sickness. The purchase of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy often proves a profitable investment, for, by its use at the first appearance of any unusual looseness of the bowels, a severe attack of diarrhoea or dysentery may be averted, that might otherse compel a week's cessation from labor. Every household should have a bottle at hand. It never fails and is pleasant to take. Get it today. It may save a life. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawali.

## LOAN BILL WORK ON THE ISLAND OF OAHU

After many meetings the Oshu delegation in the Legislature has perfected its list of the appropriations, which shall be inserted in the Loan bill, to take up the pro rata of this island, in the general assignment of the more than \$2,000,000 bonds which are to be used within from Mr. Austin, keeper of the Government gardens, setting forth the next two years. The conclusions of the delegation are to be placed the status of the nursery, accompanied by an inventory of the plants in the bill when it comes up in the House, and the measure will then be sent to the Senate for final passage, probably being the very last bill of the session to be passed.

The conclusions of the delegation take care of all the purely county improvements, those which are properly chargeable to the Territory being turned over to the consideration of the Legislature at large. The result of the division plan will be, without doubt, that there will be a long and hard struggle over the Territorial end of the bill, as each county which has not been able to provide for its needed persuade the House that the road or building needed is a purely Territorial item. This makes it a rather hard outlook for Oahu as in the Mr. Thurston reported that the Planters had passed a resolution bills which have gone through heretofore, there has appeared a glalpart of outsiders but as well as on the part of some local members.

The list of the items which have been passed and which make up the total for this island are as follows:

Caubana Cumatami

	Garbage Crematory	10,000.00	
t	Sewerage	82,575.00	
f	Outfall Sewer	20,000.00	
	· Storm Sewers and Drains	20,000.00	
)	Fire Station, Judd and Nuuanu	3,000.00	
•	Fire Station, Waikiki	3,000.00	
	Fire Station, Kalihi	3,000.00	
• . •	Fire Hydrants, Honolulu	9,000.00	
b	Nuuanu Reservoir, No. 4	150,000.00	
1	Kalihi Reservoir	50,000.00	
	Diamond Head Reservoir	8,000.00	
	Cast Iron Pipe	150,000.00	
3	Electric Light Plant	50,000.00	
	Fourth District Stables	7,500.00	
ii)	Fifth District Stables	7,500.00	
	District of Koolaupoko—		
d		× 000 00	
	Steel or Concrete Bridge, Kaneohe	5,000.00	
	- Steel or Concrete Abutments, Kahaluu	2,000.00	
	Breakwaters, Waiahole and Kaalaea	3,000.00	
	Culverts, Concrete	2,000.00	
	Concrete and Stone Bridge, Waikane	3,000.00	
	District of Koolauloa—		
	Roads and Bridges, Hanala Homesteads:	5,000.00	
y	Kalaunui Breakwater	2,000.00	
U	Homestead Roads, Paumalu and Pupukea	3,000.00	
3	Bridge at Kaawa	2,000.00	
	District of Waialua—	de Artifetti Artis	
1		0.000.00	
	Steel or Concrete Bridge at Kaupo	9,000.00	
	Steel or Concrete Bridge, Kaukonahua	4,000.00	
	Kaiaka Bridge	3,000.00	
Į	Paukauila Bridge	6,000.00	
	Extension of Kamooloa Road	1,500.00	
	District of Ewa and Waianae—		
	Bridges, Approaches and Abutments	25,000.00	
	Road Kipapa and Waikakalana Gulches	10,000.00	
	Road to Laulaulei Homesteads	4,000.00	
	Honolulu→	3.77.6.23.77.17.42	
	Fort Street, Extension and Purchasing rights of	F 000 00	
	way	5,000.00	
	Hotel Street Extension	5,00000	
	Kukui Street.	10,000.00	
	Pauahi Street	5,000.00	
	School Street	60,000.00	

## HENRY E. COOPER RESIGNS AS SUPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Henry E. Cooper yesterday tendered his resignation as Superintendent of Public Works, and it was accepted by Governor Dole to take effect July 1st. Mr. Cooper will resume the practice of law as a member of the firm of Kinney, McClanahan and Bigelow. No appointment of his successor will be made before next month, and as no commission can be issued until July 1st, it is not likely that a name can be submitted to the Senate for confirmation at the present session. Marston Campbell is mentioned as Cooper's probable successor.

"I tendered my resignation orally to Governor Dole this morning to take effect July 1st," said Superintendent Cooper yesterday. "I was offered the opportunity to return to the practice of my profession, a step which I have been considering for many months, and this was an opportune time for me to do so. There was no particular reason why I should not do so, though I would have been very glad to put into execution the public improvements that have been planned. . It was my intention to return to the practice of law at some time and after consultation with the Governor he manifested his willingness for me to avail myself of this opportunity to associate myself with the law firm of Kinney, McClanahan & Bigelow." "Yes, my appointment was for four years, but it was understood

that I should not continue that long, and it has never been my intention to remain any longer than the Governor's term.'

Mr. Cooper has been in the service of the government since 1893 when he came into prominence as Chairman of the Committee of Safety. He has held almost every important office within the gift of the Republic and Territory, acting at different times as President and Governor, and holding the offices of Attorney General, Minister of Interior, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Circuit Judge, President of the Board of Health, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Treasurer, Secretary of the Territory, and Superintendent of Public Works.

## ROCKSAND WINS THE ENGLISH DERBY.

(AFTERNOON ASSOCIATED PRESS CASLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, May 27.—Rocksand won the Derby at Epson Downs

NEWCASTLE, Woy., May 27 .- W. C. Clifton, the murderer

of Mr. and Mrs. Church, was lynched at this place today: PARIS, May 27.-King Victor Emmanual of Italy is coming to visit Paris in July. President Loubet is going to visit London and

No Strength

Are you easily tired? Is your work a burden? Do you often feel weak and faint? Is your appetite poor? Are you easily discouraged? Then your nerves are weak and your blood impure. Sickness is not far away.



Mr. Frederick Devigne, of Claremont, Cape Colony, South Africa, sends his photograph and this letter:

"My blood often becomes impure, causing eruptions on the skin, and my general system gets all run down, causing indigestion and great debility. But I take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which quickly brings me out of my troubles. For all those who are debilitated and weakened by the long, hot summers of our country, there is no remedy equal to this grand family medicine."

# AYER'S

There are many imitation "Sars Be sure you get Ayer's. Always keep your bowels in good condition with Ayer's Pills. They are purely vegetable, acton the liver, and cure constipation, billous-ness, sick headache, and all liver troubles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agenta.

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OF HAWAII, LTD.

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SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 41/2 per cent per annum. Rules and regulations furnished upon

## Our Best Advertisement

Pure Drugs Chemicals

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At Reasonable Prices. Call

Prescriptions a Specialty.

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Fort Street.

### CHAS. BREWER CO.'S NEW YORK LINE FOOHNG SUEY

Sailing from NEW YORK to HONOLULU On or about July 15. FREIGHT TAKEN AT LOWEST RATES. For freight rates apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO. 27 Kilby St., Boston, on C. BREWER & CO., LIMITED, HONOLULU. 

## MOANA HOTEL . .

WAIKIKI BEACH

RAPID TRANSIT ELECTRIC CARS arrive at, and depart from, the main entrance to the Moana Hotel every ten minutes. MOANA HOTEL CO., LTD. T. K. JAMES,

# Manager.

T. K. JAMES, Proprietor.

Private apartments, en suite and single. Finest appointed and furnished house in Hawaii. Mosquito proof throughout. Hotel street, near Alakea.

## EXPENDITURES OF THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS

(Continued from Page 2.)

been economically administered. The force of employees consisting of 25 and inmates, about 150 have been supplied at approximately \$6.00 per month per capita. This does not include Poi supply, which is raised on the premises. We recommend that the pay of Government physicians be continued with the proviso that professional services and medicines be rendered free to Hawaiians. We also recommend that the President of Board of Health be made a paid office.

14th-Governor-Band.

The band expenditures amounted to \$31,526.27. The pay roll amounting to \$21,868.00 has not been uniform on account of a system of fines imposed for non-attendance, and extra remunera-This is undoubtedly tion for merit. an excellent system, if not abused. The full pro rata of the pay roll has been

drawn within \$2.00. Salary 2 Lady Vocalists.—Expended, not been uniform. The menthly pro rata of the appropriation is \$75.00; payments per month have been made of \$50, \$70, \$75, and \$90. Since July, 1902, the pay has been \$70.00 per month, leaving surplus of \$180.00, which rightfully belongs according to the specific appropriation to the two lady vocalists. The remaining items have been checked and found in order. 15th-Governor-Military.

The military expenditures amounted to \$14,311.75. These items have all been checked and we find that care and economy has been exercised by those in charge. The most important item Company and Regimental Allowances" of \$480.00 per month is drawn by nine (9) companies at \$360.00 and by

the Regiment \$120.00.

The Company allowances are well applied to cost of Target Practice, Encampment Expenses, Refreshments, Company Incidentals, Etc.

The Regimental allowance is applied to pay sundry expenses, also Head-quarter's Clerk and Assistant Quartermaster, who keeps accurate account of Regimental and Company property. records of companies, enlistment and discharge of members under such admirable system that the responsibility and position of the smallest asset of regiment or company is at all times fixed absolutely. If the institution is to be continued, we are of the opinion that this officer should receive an increase of pay.

16th-Auditing Department. Expenditures were \$20,484.35. Salaries and clerical assistance amounting to \$18,603.50 was checked and found in order. \$1,880.85 for Incidentals and Traveling Expenses, included an item of \$50.00 for legal opinion to the Auditor, which should have been saved by reference to Attorney General's Department. The other items are in order and correct.

Our investigations in this Bureau leads us to believe that the salaries paid to employees are not equitably divided in proportion to work performed, we therefore recommend a specification of employees in appropriation bill on a readjusted scale, as follows: one clerk at \$150, one clerk at \$150, one clerk at \$100, one clerk at \$75, one clerk at \$50, making \$3,150. Extra clerk hire \$250, total \$3,400.

17th-Fire Department. The expenditures of Honolulu Fire Department for pay rolls amounted to \$47,770.00 which have been checked and

found in order. Of the Current Expense Fund, \$17 .your committee found that \$60.00 per month was being paid to W. L. Frazee. Superintendent of Honolulu Electric Lights, for services in maintaining fire alarm system. He was also paid \$150.00 per month as Superintendent of Electric Lights, and could not there fore legally draw the extra \$60.00. Upon calling the attention of the Superintendent of Public Works and the Auditor thereto payment was stopped forthwith. The actual work of main taining the alarm systems has been performed by Mr. Reeves, who has been paid out of Police Department funds, Mr. Frazee having general supervision of same. An item of \$25.00 for literary work, should not in our opinion have been allowed by the Commissioners of the Department,

Item \$284.17 .- O. G. Traphagen, Architectural . Superintendence Palama Fire Station was not properly chargeable to this account. This fund is anpropriated for the running expenses of department only. Officials should be impressed with strict accountability of appropriations under their con-

All other items under head of Fire Department have been investigated

and found in order. Your committee is emphatically of the opinion that one man should not hold the dual position of Superintendent of Honolulu Water Works and Chairman of Board of Commissioners of the Honolulu Fire Department, for the reason that the one Department has at times cause of serious criticism of the other which if given vent would enhance the usefulness of both. It is hardly likely that healthy criticism will be made in the premises with the same man at the head of both institutions.

Your committee would recommend that a rider be inserted with the Fire Department appropriations, preventing further service of the Superintendent of Water Works on the Board of

Fire Commissioners. 18th-Bureau of Water Works.

Expenditures under this Bureau amounted to \$129,143.80. Salary payments checked correctly. An investigation of current expense funds of Honolulu Water Works shows that men in permanent positions are paid therefor. Mr. Joe Little who is practically the Assistant Superintendent of Water Works at \$6.00 per day and over time, one of the Engineers at Beretania street pump, at \$4.00 per day and over time, also three (3) firemen at \$2.50 per day and three (3) ollers at \$1.50 per day of the Kalihi and Beretania street pumps should all be transferred to the regular salaries and pay roll bill, at specific salaries and your committee so recommend. Your com-

mittee are of the opinion that the salaries of engineers of pumping plants should be raised to \$150.00 per month and regular payment of over time heretofore made to them out of current expense funds stopped.

We find that the keeper of Nuuanu Reservoir who receives a salary of \$50 per month and whose duties are to turn on the water at night and shut same off in the morning for Government Electric Lights, to be on hand at all times to answer calls and to keep general lookout for the reservoirs. received pay for 190 days over time at \$2.50 per day during the period, acting as luna of laborers in Nuuanu Valley, the time running in some months as high as 25 to 27 days. We cannot con-ceive how he can act as luna of laborers in the Valley and at the same time attend his duties as Reservoir Keeper. We find a charge of \$25.00 for literary work in running expenses of water works which in our opinion should not have been passed.

SOME EXHORBITANT CHARGES. "In expenditure of \$8,927.00 for water pipe east and west side of Kalihi Valley, mauka of King street, we find a charge of cartage on 165 tons of pipe at \$2.00 per ton by the Union Express Company, which company has done all of the business of this Bureau, also \$1,220.00. Payment on this account has | that this Company charged on cartage of 99 tons of same class of pipe to Kalihi, King street, Makal to the beach, \$1.25 per ton. The distance in both cases is practically the same. The charge of \$2.00 per ton is exorbitant and we do not believe that the interest of the Government was properly pro-tected in this transaction."

Under item of \$25,758.49 for construction of Lahaina Water Works, we find that this expenditure was made by contract and carried on under supervision of Superintendent of Public Works through Mr. Smith, a regularly employed draughtsman of the Department at a salary of \$150.00 per month. In the work of supervision for a period of seven (7) months, Mr. Smith was made a monthly allowance to his salary of \$150.00, board and lodging \$50.00, and \$30.00 for a horse. We are of the opinion that the extra allowance to Mr. Smith was excessive.

On investigation of other expenditures of Bureau, we find same to have

been in order. 19th-Department of Public Works. Expenditures under this head amounted to \$1.213,632.61. The specific salaries and pay rolls of this department have been checked and found to conform with the appropriations therefor. Referring to salaries of this Department, we would recommend and urge that the clerical forces of the Agriculture and Forestry Bureau, Road Bureau, Water Works Bureau. Garbage and Excavator Bureau, House Numbering Bureau, Assistant Superintendent of Public Works' Office and Superintendent of Public Works be reorganized and concentrated in one office under the supervision of the Chief Clerk of the Public Works Department. Such an office could easily be arranged in the basement of the Capitol Building on the Ewa side thereof by removing sub-divisions and throwing the space into one general

Such an arrangement would undoubtedly effect a very much more economical and efficient administra-tion of the department and do away with an extravagant and cumbersome system.

Expenditures under general expense items have been exhaustively checked and vouchers covering same are apparently in order. Out of item \$46,592.-"Landings and Buoys, Honolulu," \$11,804.00 was paid on contract of Cotton Brothers and Company for the construction of an approach to Hackfeld Wharf. The cost of the structure was reasonable but your committee holds that new work of this nature should not be undertaken without specific authorization by the Legislature. The money should not have been drawn from a fund providing for repairs and up keep of existing landings and buoys. This expenditure left \$3,407.57 to care for the landings and buoys of Honolulu, during the remaining six months of the period. About \$2,000.00 of this sum is required for sweeping wharves and store-keeper, leaving practically nothing for necessary repairs.

Dredging Honolulu Harbor.-Expenditures \$49,952.91. Of this sum \$2,324.27 was expended on general dredger repairs, prior to the Government letting contracts for dredging. These items have been checked and found in or-We find that the call for ders was advertised January 29th, 1902. The contracts were awarded two days after January 1st, 1903, for dredging in the immediate vicinity of Hackfeld and O. R. & L. Co. wharves; as foi-

Section 1 to the Hawaiian Dredging Company, a company apparently formed in the interests of the O. R. & L. Company, at the rate of \$12.00 per hour for that section of the harbor where material was to be taken by the dredging company, and at the rate of \$12.50 per hour, for that section to the harbor, the dredgings from which were to be taken by the Government,

The bills under this contract were made at the rate of \$12.00 per hour, the dredging company using all the material which was of great value to the railroad company in filling lands near its terminus.

Section 2 awarded to Cotton Brothers

at \$11.00 per hour. We find no record to indicate that any other tenders were received, nor that any competition existed, company bidding on one particula. section and receiving the award.

Upon searching for information in relation to these contracts, we found that the Government entered into a contract and agreement with Cotton Brothers January 10th, 1902, whereby the Government Dredger and all appliances in connection therewith passed from the Government to Cotton Bros. for the period of one year;

the considerations being: 1st. That Cotton Bros. were to expend in repairs on dredger, scows. etc., during this period the sum of rot less than \$10,000.00, and on completion of said repairs the same to be inspected by the Superintendent of Public Works for his approval and accep-

2nd. That Cotton Bros, keep insured the said dredge, its machinery and drill scows in a sum not less than

be applied to repairs to said dredge and machinery, or turned over to the

Government, at its option.

3rd. That Cotton Bros. file a satisfactory bond in a sum of \$10,009.00, to ensure the return of said dredge and machinery in good working order, reasonable wear and tear excepted.

No detail or repairs as agreed upon s on file in the Superintendent of Public Works office, nor were the repairs if any, inspected, approved or accepted by the Superintendent of Public

THE DREDGE AND COTTON.

The Assistant Superintendent of Public Works stated in his opinion. based upon information, that at least the sum of \$10,000.00 had been expended by Cotton Bros, in compliance with

We find from the records that Insurance in the sum of \$20,000.00 was

The records show filing of satisfactory bond for \$10,000.00 to ensure return of the dredger and machinery.

No portion of the dredger machinery or appliances has been returned to the custody of the Government.

The following items in this account should have been paid by Cotton Bros. & Company, and not by the Government, as was the case, because they had the dredger under a contract to keep the same in repair, and these items were for repairs, etc., for the

Further, the contract and specifications for dredging roads, dredged from Section 2 will be placed on Aala Park, Queen and Kukui streets, and such other points as may be designated by the Superintendent of

Public Works." Machine Shop Helper on Dredger .... \$ 46,00 Hustace & Co., Cartage Sun-'dries to Dredger .... 25.90 Honolulu Planing Mill, Plugs, etc., Mill work for dredger ... Honolulu Iron Works Co., Bolts, Nuts, etc., for dredger ....... Pacific Hardware Co., Tar Hardware Brushes and Lanterns for dredger .... .... .... Wilder & Co., Lumber for dred

ger .... J. E. Ward, June salary as machinist on dredger .. ... 150.00 Cotton Brothers & Co., for labor in changing tracks to deliver dredged material to different points designated by Assistant Superintendent of Public Works (this was covered by clause in contract) viz: "Material dredged from Section 2 will be placed on Aala Park Queen and Kukui streets, and such other points as may be designated by the Superinten-

dent of Public Works." ...... 430.75 Total .... \$756.00

Your committee is of the opinion that the Superintendent of Public Works should secure restitution of the sum of \$756.00 which Cotton Brothers & Company have illegally collected for this work.

There also appears an item of \$828.00, under date of February 11th, 1902, for labor on Aala Park of 276 men at \$3.00 per day. This was explained by the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works as being caused by an error of the Acting Assistant Superintendent of Public Works at the time, Mr. G. H. Gere, through not at first giving the contractors proper grade in placing dredgings on Aala Park. In such case, a receipt should be on file from the men doing the work; voucher now on file is merely for 276 day's labor at \$3.00 per day. Paid Cotton Brothers. In this connection, we note the difference paid for laborers, the rate in this bill being \$3.00 per day, while in other | animals of the departments during the bills the rate paid was \$2.00 per day, at which price sufficient labor was available.

In view of these facts, the Government was forced to pay through gross incompetence or negligence on the part of the Public Works Department, \$828.00 for labor at an unreasonable

## SHOULD HAVE DREDGER.

You committee considers it a remarkable business proposition for the Government with \$50,000.00 of necessary dredging on its hands, to alienate its entire apparatus used in the performance of the work for no tangible, intrinsic consideration, and immediately thereafter call for tenders to do this work, thereby rendering itself helpless in the hands of contractors at any prices they saw fit to charge. The tenders for contracts show on their face that there was absolutely no competiton. In this connection, we note that voucher paid by warrant 5314 for \$3,201.00, the last payment under the contract with Cotton Bros. & Co. for Section 2, was endorsed to and drawn by W. F. Dillingham, who signed the contract for Section 1, on behalf of the Hawaiian Dredging Company.

Your committee is of the opinion that if the Territory is to be burdened with a continuance of dredging Honolulu harbor an appropriation should be made for the purchase of new dredge apparatus, as we are informed by officials charged with navigation in the harbor, that the above dredged sections are rapidly filling up, and it will be necessary to do the work again in Item "Landings and Buoys, Hawaii,"

\$6,000.00, and Item "Landings and Buoys, S. Hilo," \$1,998.96 were principally expended in reconstructing the wharf at Waiakea, Hilo Bay (\$8,166.99.) This work was

carried on by the department with the result that Hilo now has a substantial ship dock.

PAY TOO GREAT. "Remodelling Kalihi Camp." \$3,972.84. We find charge of 221/2 days superintendence at \$10.00 per day, \$225.00, which we believe to be unreasonable for the class of work done. In addition, the superintendant of the work was allowed 15 per cent, on the labor.

Item "Printing and Advertising." \$6.119.26. An investigation of this expenditure shows that public advertisements are inserted simultaneously in nearly all current journals. Your committee suggests that tenders for these advertisements to be published officially in one of the recognized journals

\$20,000.00, the same in case of loss to should be called for. We believe that advertising in this manner would sutfice and result in considerable saving under this head.

"Fencing and Grading Government Lots," \$1,440.50. Of this amount, \$1,-420,00 was paid in 1901 to J. J. Belser,

as follows: October .... \$467.00 November .... 475.00 December .... 478.00 Total .... \$1,420.00

for labor and material filling Government Lot, Keawe street. The job was a continuous one. It was done by verbal agreement, and is a flagrant vio-lation of the appropriation bill provision, requiring tenders where the cost exceeds \$500.00,

"Running Expenses Sewer Pumping Station," \$17,712.00. Embodied in this expenditure are salaries of permanent employees of the department, viz: Copylst of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works office at \$100.00 per month, whose position is that of a general clerk of the office; two engin-eers at \$125.00 and \$100.00 per month, respectively; two firemen at \$60.00 per month; all of which should be transferred to the regular salary and pay roll appropriation bill. The other items of this fund have been checked and found in order.

STOCK AND A BRIDGE.

An examination of the roads and bridges appropriations of Honolulu shows that \$18,103.00 has been paid to parties for use of carts, etc., and labor at rates which justify the Government increasing its vehicles and stock and doing the work itself.

"We find that \$11,753.36 was drawn from the Roads and Bridges Fund of the Fifth District, Honolulu, for payment to Cotton Brothers and Company on contract for pile structure leading from Queen street bulkhead to the back yard of the Chinese saw mill on the Ewa side of Nuuanu stream, filled with lumber piles; at this point there is an imaginary road constructed on paper. The tructure was finished during December last, and its present public utility is demonstrated by the fact that the Queen street end is fenced off and there is a drop at the other end of six (6) feet into the Chinese lumber yard.

"In the meantime, 5th District, Honolulu, has been left without funds to carry on necessary road repairs. Had this money not been spent, Mr. Cooper would have found it unnecessary to ask for \$18,000.00 in the Emergency bill for roads and bridges, 5th District.

"We are of the same opinion in this case as in the case of the Hackfeld Wharf approach, that is, that a structure of this kind should not be undertaken, except by Legislative authorization.

"Eleven persons in this Bureau, occupying permanent positions, draw salaries from these funds. These salarles have fluctuated during the period, and should be transferred to the salary and pay roll appropriation bill, and specified.

EXPENSE WITHOUT RESULT.

"Extending School street from Liliha street to Kamehameha 4th Road," \$619.25. This was paid to S. M. Ka-nakanui, \$544.50, and helpers, \$74.75, for civil engineering services in connection with surveys relative to the

proposed road, "The Assistant Superintendent of Public Works states that this work was also performed by the Survey Department, maps of which are on file. The services of Mr. Kanakanui was unnecessary and unjustifiable, that amount has been absolutely wasted. Not a scratch of a pen is on file with the Government to show for this work, except Mr. Kanakanul's vouchers."

Referring to feeding of Government period, we find as follows: Av. An. Cost per An

Garbage and Excavator Bureau..41.55 Roads and Bridges Bureau ..... 68.94 14.88 Asst, Supt. Public Works Bureau .. 6. 11.56 Water Works Bur-Fire Department..19-5-15

COST OF FEED. Samuel Johnson, Superintendent of Garbage and Excavator Bureau has fed his animals in accordance with the U. S. Regulations Ration, i. e., 14 lbs. hav and 9 lbs. grain per diem. This systematic feeding undoubtedly accounts for his low average cost in comparison with others. He states that his animals are all in good condition. now feeding a ration of 16 lbs. hay and 14 lbs. grain per animal per day. He

C. B. Wilson, Road Supervisor is states that a large ration is necessary on account of the hard nature of his animals' work. I find that his average cost per animal per month is now \$12.43.

Chief Thurston of the Fire Department accounts for his average of \$14.93 per head per month on the ground that the department has all very large imported horses. Such animals require a great deal more feed than ordinary stock and feed of the highest grades. The nature of their business requires that they be kept in the pink of condition at all times. No particular ration is fed. Each driver judges as to his animals' requirements. Separate stables are maintained for the several bureaus and in addition the License Collector and the Secretary of the Board of Health keep necessary horses and buggles in private stables at a cost of \$25.00 per month each. Also the Executive Officer of the Board of Health and Plumbing In-

spector keep rigs at Government expense. SHOULD BE TOGETHER.

We submit for your consideration that all of these animals and rigs, save the Fire Department should be concentrated in the Government Stables at the Walkiki side of the Judiciary building, where there is ample room for the purpose. The location is handy to all.

The change would effect economy in feed, labor and other expenses as well as efficiency in care of animals and vehicles. It would release the premises now being used by the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works as stables at the corner of Miller and Hotel streets, a valuable corner. It could Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies



In a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all else fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Constains of Curreura Soar, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, Curreura Ontment, to instantly aflay liching and irritation and sewith and heal, and Curreura Rasolvare, to cool and cleanse the blood. A finance SET is often sufficient to cure the everest humours when all else fails. Aust. Depot: R. Towss a Co., Syday, S. & W. So. African Depot: LENSON LTD., Capt Town. Portex Corr., Sole Prog., Bostos, U. S. .

## Primo Has Stood the Test....

Chemical analysis has proven it pure while the same analysis has shown that imported beer contains various fortifying acids to preserve it. These acids are injurious to your health and spoil the good effect that a pure beer would have on the system. Pure Primo Lager makes muscles and good blood.

ALL DEALERS SELL IT.

of the expense.

Your committee could go on almost interminably commenting upon minor extravagances in public expenditures. In our investigation, we have been confronted with what we deem to be a lack of sense of appreciation as to what is due the Government as well as ignorance on the part of its agents in purchasing material, supplies, vehicles, animals, etc., and effecting other liabilities.

FOR PURCHASING BUREAU.

We believe the remedy for this condition to be the inauguration of a Purchasing Bureau under the Public Works Department, through which requisition should pass from all departments of the Government as far as practicable.

e are informed that a move this direction has already been made by the Superintendent of Public Works whereby all purchasing of suobureaus in this department passes through the hands of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works, This undoubtedly a meritorious move, but it does not go far enough. Assistant Superintendent of Public Works has about all he can attend to when he properly performs the important duties pertaining to his immediate office.

"We feel convinced that such a bureau with a competent and honest man to run it, would effect a great saving

### to the government. NO SALARIES FROM EXPENSES.

"Your committee would recommend that provision be made in the appropriation bills whereby heads of bureaus will be prevented from drawing out of current expense funds money to pay salaries. Nothing in this line should be drawn from these funds except for labor actually pertaining to the work for which appropriation was made. The past practice has enabled these bureau heads to make and unmake positions, lower or raise salaries in fact they have endowed themselves

with Legislative functions. In some cases current expense appropriations carrying important permanent positions have run out before the end of the period, and hardship resulted. A case in point is the recent shutting down of pumping plants in this city. Had the Superintendent of Works asked for a proper segregation of regular pump employes in the salary and pay roll appropriation bill, it would have been granted and that unfortunate incident would not have occurred."

You committee has refrained from again referring in this general report to special matters already reported to this Honorable House, all of which is respectively submitted.

Chairman Committee on Public Expenditures.

DIARRHOEA is more to be dreaded than diphtheria. It attacks all ages and is equally fatal to young and old. The great mortality resulting from diarrhoea is due to the lack of proper treatment at the first stages of the disease. Chamberlain's Colle, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is a reliable and effec-tive medicine, and if given in time will prevent serious consequences. This remedy never falls and is pleasant to Every household should have a bottle at hand. Get it today. It may save a life. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

## easily be arranged so that the several bureaus bear their proportionate share | Smith & Schipper

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General Commission Merchants and Brokers in Sugar, Coffee, Spices, Cocoa,

Cocoa Butter, Etc. Agents of the Federal Sugar Refining Co. and publishers of the "Federal Re-

## Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insuranc Go

undersigned having been ap pointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ee Co OF BERLIN.

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established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seat at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

### General Insurance Co. for Sea. River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms,

F. A. SCHAEFER & CC. Agents for the Hawalian Islands.

## YOUR SUGAR CROP

Depends on the right quantity and quality of Ammoniates it has to feed upon, Nitrogen (Ammonia) being the principal material removed from the soil A few dollars' worth of

## NITRATE OF SODA

(The Standard Ammoniate)

fed to each acre of growing cane will give surprising re-Planters should read our Bul-

letins giving results of Agricul-

tural Experiment Station trials.

They are sent free. Send name on Post Card. WILLIAM S. MYERS, Director. 12-16 John St., New York,

U. S. A.



ARRIVED.

Tuesday, May 26, Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, from Kona, Kau and Maui ports, at 5 a, m. Wednesday, May 27.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, from Nawiliwill, Kolos, Eleele, Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha, at 6:40 a. m., with 3200 bags sugar, 100 bags bran, 26 bags rice, 96 empty barrels, 1 bull, 39 packages sun-

Thursday, May 28. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Honokaa, Waiplo and Kukulhaele at 9:55 a. m. with 4224 bags sugar, 5 packages

Stmr. Lehua, Napala, from Molokat ports at 11:20 a. m. with 25 head cat-

### DEPARTED.

Tuesday, May 26. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Koolau ports, at 7 a. m. Am. bktn. Klikitat, Cutler, for the Sound, at 11 a. m.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at 12 m. Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maul ports, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai ports, at 5 p. m. Stmr. Niihau, Pedersen, for Puna

luu, at 5 p. m. Stmr. Waialeale, Mosher, for Hana-

maulu, at 5 p. m. Gaso, schr. Eclipse, Townsend, for Maui and Hawaii ports, at 5 p. m. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, for Ka-Anahola, Kilauea, Kalihiwai and

Hanalei, at 5 p. m. Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, for Nawiliwili, Koloa, Eleele, Hanamaulu and Ahukini, at 5 p. m. Am. bk. S. C. Allen, Penhallow, for

San Francisco, at 2 p. m. Wednesday, May 27. S. S. Argyll, for San Francisco, at

Schr. Chas. Levi Woodbury, Harris, for Hilo, at 11 a. m.

Schr. Ka Moi, for Kohalalele, at 3 Stmr. Niihau, W. Thompson, for Pu-

naluu, at 10 a. m. Am. bktn. W. H. Dimond, Jackson, for San Francisco, at 10 a. m. Am, ship George Curtis, Calhoun, for

San Francisco, at 11 a. m. Br. ship Agnes Oswald, Phillip, for Portland, at 1 p. m.

Am, schr. Alumna, Genberg, for Wellapo Harbor. Thursday, May 28.

U. S. S. Iroquois, Rodman, for Midway Islands at 5 p. m. Stmr. Lehua, Napala, for Molokai,

Maui and Lanai ports at 5 p. m. Stmr. Hawaii, Dower, for Paauhau, Kukalau, Ookala, Laupahoehoe and Papaaloa at 8 a. m.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, for Eleele, Ma-Koloa at 5 p. m.

Schr. Ada, for Puuloa, at 10 a. m. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Hamakua at 4 p. m. S. Flagship Wisconsin, Sebree, for Yokohama at 10:30 a. m.

### PASSENGERS. Arrived.

From Kau, Kona and Maui ports, per W. G. Hall, May 26. ports: C. Val Poon and wife, W. G. Scott, W. E. Shaw, Moskuka, Mrs. De Coto, Kishida, J. W. Bergstrom, Mrs. A. Wall, Mrs. Pimmenta, Mrs. Au Lou. phine Awana, W. D. McWayne, J. J. Combs, S. Lazaro, J. G. Enriques and

Arrived. Per stmr. Kauai, May 27, from Kauai ports.—F. Gay, W. C. Rowell, W. H. Rice, Jr., C. Murakami, E. F. Mated, G. H. Evans, W. G. Taylor, E. E. Conradt and 69 on deck.

### Departed.

Per stmr. Mikahala, for Kaual, May 26 .- Miss Alice Ewart, Mrs. Anderman. T. R. Robinson, Dr. McLain, S. W. Wilcox. A. C. Alexander, J. Grace, Mr. Holdt and wife, C. C. Henion, T. Bauman, H. Walters, P. Mohr and 48 deck, Per stmr. Ke Au Hou, for Kauai, may 26.-W. Thompson.

For Maul ports, per stmr. Claudine, D. B. Baldwin, A. C. Dowsett, J. Jorgensen, Edgar Morton, David Morton, John Richardson and wife, J. H. Mor-W. E. Healy, Master H. Lake. For Kalaupapa. per stmr. Lehua, May 26.-Mrs. H. Kapela.

For Hilo and way ports, per stmr. Kinau, May 26.—Frank Johnson, Dr. Schultze, E. V. Dunn, G. H. Dunn, H E. Picker, S. C. An, Father Oliver, D. W. Anderson, A. O. Stevens, J. G. Cal-

lison, Miss Greenwell, A. Granberg. Per bktn. W. H. Dimond, May 27, for San Francisco.-Mr. and Mrs. J. Nevins, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Peck, Mr. and Mrs. E. Stahl.

Per ship George Curtis, May 27, for San Francisco.-Mrs. Captain Calhoun, Miss Atkinson, Miss Calhoun and Miss Preston.

## Shipping Notes.

may take in sugar today. The schr. Lunsman is preparing to

load for Laysan Island. The Alden Besse began taking on sufar at the Oceanic dock yesterday. Her

cargo will be about 22,000 sacks. The Alameda should arrive here this morning from San Francisco with seven days' later mail and newspaper files.

# THE OLD RELIABLE

## THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE **IROQUOIS OFF FOR** CABLE ISLAND

Absolutely Pure

Leis and alohas from friends, music of steamers combined yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock to give the United States Naval Tug Iroquois a fine sendoff as she steamed out of the harbor for tug can be termed, were Captain Rod- adverse does not appear. Why man and Lieut.-Commander Pond gorbody was busy waving adieus to a host of friends, including quite a delegation of the fair sex, and many Territorial and Federal officials. Seldom has a craft of the size of the Iroquois started out on a memorable cruise under such favorable conditions. For half an hour preceding the departure of the tug the Territorial band played on the dock, and when the vessel pulled out from the slip, "Aloha Oe," "Auld Lang Syne" and the "Star Spangled Banner" floated out harmoniously to the officers and crew. The Iroquois carries a crew of thirty-five men, her complement for active service. The tug will reach Midway Island about Wednesday.

## CONTRACT FOR NEW OCEANIC WHARF

The contract was let by Supt. Cooper yesterday to Henry de Fries for the building of the new Oceanic docks. The contract price is \$12,800.

Work will begin immediately upon the demolition of the old structure which is almost falling down of its own accord. The piling for the new wharf is already on the ground and also the lumber which will be used for kaweli, Waimea and Kekaha, takes the wharf shed. Mr. De Fries notified the Department that he would begin construction immediately.

> During the work upon the docks, the Oceanic steamers will probably use the quarantine wharf.

# **AUSTR'AN VESSEL**

the British ship Falls of Afton, has another claim." been chartered to load a general car-L. Wilhelm, Mrs. W. H. Hayselden, L. go at London for Portland and Hono-Tobriner, Mr. Millar, Miss Charlotte lulu. She arrived at London, April 15.
Ferreira, Mrs. C. N. Arnold, Miss Joseand is expected to sail early in June. The trip by way of this port is a long one and the vessel will not reach here much before November. Honolulu has been visited by Austrian steamships, but seldom, if ever, has it had an opportunity to harbor a sailing vessel flying Emperor Joseph's flag.

## **VEGETATION ON** MIDWAY ISLAND

A good start has been made in preparing Midway Island for human habitation. The report made by Gardener May 26.—H. A. Baldwin, Mrs. Gay, C. J. Austin shows that a total of over Miss Muther, Mrs. D. B. Murdock, Mrs. \$10,000 trees and plants have been sent C. J. Austin shows that a total of over to the island from here. Of this number there were 1705 palms, 1513 fruit rison, Mrs. Wong Leong, Miss L. Ro- trees, 3126 shade trees, shrubs and vines, and 4426 forest trees.

## Wisconsin Sails.

Promptly at 10:30 yesterday afternoon the Wisconsin steamed out of the naval dock slip, with the tug Fearless towing her, and the big battleship was soon headed out of the channel en route to H. Yokohama. The vessel was handled easily, Pilot Saunders being on the bridge with Captain Sebree. The Fearless pulled the stern of the warship around toward the Ewa end of the harbor, and this done it was quick work getting her started off. There was an entire lack of fuss and feathers about The R. P. Rithet is fumigating, and the management of the big fighting machine, and it was also another indication of what could be done in Honolulu's harbor.

> BRUISES, WOUNDS AND LACER-ATIONS need an antiseptic dressing. Chamberlain's Pain Balm answers this purpose to perfection. It is a liniment of wonderful healing power. One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii. at noon.

# GEAR AGAIN

## **Caustic Comments** In Da Silva Case.

Judge Gear came in for another little scoring from the Supreme Court yesterday in the matter of the estate of Jose da Silva, the record of which the court says "teems with irregularities." This was a case wherein deceased left a widow for whom Thos. Fitch was the attorney-at-law. no other heirs appearing. The money was ordered paid to Fitch by Gear. Some time afterwards a sister of the deceased appeared on the scene and Leis and alchas from friends, music by Berger's band, tooting of whistles the widow and the sister got Gear to order Fitch to pay the money (only \$257) into Court.

The Court in an opinion by Frear, Galbraith dissenting, reverses Gear's order and says why the attorney in Midway Island. On the bridge, if such fact (Davis) should act for both widthe top side of the wheel room on the ow and sister, if their interests were final order of distribution should be modified or revoked for the purpose of geously decked in leis, and Ensign Stitt fixing the fees of the attorney-at-law and Midshipman Arwine, and every- also does not appear, and what the Judge had to do with those fees, which were a matter of private arrangement also does not appear.

Davis was also ordered to pay into court \$229.16, but Gear revoked this order on the ground that he was authorized to keep the money as attorney in fact for the sister, of which transaction the court remarks, "Why the money should be ordered paid to the attorney in fact of the sister before the proposed further hearing as to whether she was entitled to it, and before any adjudication to that effect does not cases was also cut out.

appear. The court holds that Gear lacked "What authority was there to money as against the court, and an or-der depriving him of that possession Finally Achi moved t belonging to him would be. There was moreover no intimation as to what was to be done with the money or what further proceedings it was to await."

DECISION AS TO FIRE CLAIMS. The Supreme Court rendered decisions in three cases yesterday in all of which Auditor Fisher was sustained in his refusal to pay fire claims wherein there had been a subrogation of the claim. The three cases were the ap-

"A claimant is not entitled to a war-TO "ISIT THIS PORT tiffate from the Fire Claims Commission that a certain amount is the correct award when the cortificate also The Aus 'an ship Francesco Guiseppe states that that amount is correct 'as I, which in early life was known as per record of judgments' and that it

The auditor had refused to pay any of these claims for ten per cent of the award while there were other claimants upon the same certifiate. Now the matter of subrogation of fire claims will have to be brought into the equity courts and the rights of the respective claimants ascertaned.

## VESSELS IN PORT.

### MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.) Alden Besse, Am. bk., Kessel, San Francisco, May 21.

A. J. Fuller, Am. sp., Haskell, Newcastle, May 23.

Arthur Sewall, Am. sp., Gaffry, Shanghai, May 24.

Annie Johnson, Am. bk., Nelson, San Francisco, May 22. Arctic Stream, Br. ship, Brabender,

Newcastle, May 17. Ariel, Am. schr., Anderson, Newcastle, May 22.

City of Hankow, Br. sp., Williamson, Newcastle, May 23. Edward Sewall, Am. ship, Quick

Shanghai, May 9. Fort George, Am. sp., Gove, San Francisco, May 13.

Hecla, Am. sp., Nelson, Newcastle, May J. H. Lunsman, Am. schr., Johnson,

Laysan Island, May 13. Kohala, Am. bktn., Dedrick, Newcastle, May 21. R. P. Rithet, Am. bk., McPhail, San

Francisco, May 22. Robt. R. Hind, Am. schr., Erickson, Newcastle, May 24. Servia, Am, ship, Nelson, Newcastle,

April 25.

Tomasina MacLellan, Br. sp., Newcastle, May 24. Wm. Bowden, Am. schr., Fjerm, Newcastle, May 25.

SAIL TODAY.

Schr. Kawailani, Ulunahele, for Koolau ports, at 6 a. m.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for Lahaina, Maalaea, Kona and Kau ports

### **HAWAII'S POLICE METHODS** UNDER HOT CRITICISM

(Continued from page 5.) themselves. He said he would rather

Senator Achi said the House was re-sponsible for its own acts, and that the contract had been made. The Senate paid its clerk \$10.00 and the House country. gave its clerk \$12.00; and the same way with other officials. The cost of translating was figured at \$2250 while the committee allowed but \$1750, and then the Senate had no right to cancel any contract of the House. There was already feeling in the House and this should not be increased or the public would suffer by the refusal of the House to continue its sessions.

The report was adopted and the substitute bill passed second reading, 9 to 2. Ayes—Achi, J. T. Brown, Baldwin, Nakapaahu, Kaohi, Kaiue, Kalauokalani, Woods, Crabbe, 9. Noes-Dickey, McCandless, 2.

A NEW BILL. Senator Dickey introduced a bill to appropriate \$4,000 for paying the expenses of the tax bureau up to June 30th, 1903. He stated that the item had been omitted from the emergency bill and the money was needed to pay the cost of books for the board of equalization. The bill passed second reading.

THE HOUSE EXPENSE BILL. The Senate bill appropriating \$13,000 for the expenses of the House passed econd reading. To be read a third time today.

President Crabbe reported the printing of Senate Bill No. 9 making appropriations for eighteen months. EIGHTEEN MONTHS BILL.

There was some discussion over an item for traveling expenses of registration boards. Crabbe saving the government should pay all expenses. No action was taken.

The item, expenses third circuit court \$3750, was increased to \$5000. There was a long discussion over the expenses of circuit courts until Dickey arose and said that the countlest were to bear all the expenses in the courts. and all those items should be stricken out. Then the fight started again and a motion to increase Judge Littl court from \$7,500 to \$9,000 was lost.

The item of \$375 traveling expenses of district magistrates was stricken out. The item, \$6,000, for defending fishery

An item of \$9375 was inserted for incidentals tax office, also bureau of conjurisdiction in ordering Fitch to pay veyances \$1350 on motion of Dickey money into court and says in conclu- who said they would be needed if the county law is declared void. Achi said order a third party to pay into court the legislature should show its faith in a sum of money of his own in a case the county act and if it failed the Gov-in which he had no interest and to ernor could call a special session of the which he was not a party, and the legislature. He said all county items fact that the order was also, to 'await should all be stricken out. Dickey said further proceedings,' did not make it he didn't want a special session. Paris interlocutory so as to preclude an ap- favored a perventive to any possible peal. A judge cannot order people at failure through lack of the county law random to pay money into court to going into effect. McCandless suggestawait his pleasure. The attorney was ed that a rider could be put on the six clearly entitled to the possession of the months' bill to carry the appropriations

Finally Achi moved to strike out all would be final for the purposes of ap-peal as much as an order depriving be paid by counties. Then upon mohim of the possession of a tract of land tion of Kaohi the bill was referred to committee to segregate county and Achi, McCandless, Dickey, J. T. Brown

and Nakapaahu. Adjournment for the day was then taken.

### Edward's Modest Daughter.

King Edward's three daughters seen o be devoid of personal ambition and to be quite willing that their sister-inpeals of J. F. Colburn, Royal Insu- law and their aunts, Helena, Louise rance Co. and En Syak Aseu. In the and Beatrice, should represent royalty latter case the court says in its syl- in their stead. So far from profiting by the rise in rank which their father's accession gained them, the Duchess of rant for the entire amount upon a cer- Fife and her sisters prefer to stay

### A FOOLISH OLD IDEA. It was once thought that a

medicine was all the more bene-

ficial for having a nasty taste and smell. We now know that such an idea is perfect nonsense. There is no more reason why medicine should offend the senses than why food should do so. Therefore, one of the greatest chemical victories of the past few years is what we may call the redemption of cod liver oil. Everybody knows what a vile taste and smell this drug has in its natural state. No wonder most people declare they would rather suffer from disease than take cod liver oil, and the emulsions are quite as foul and abominable as the plain oil, no matter what may be alleged to the contrary. Now it is one of nature's laws that a medicine which disgusts the nose and the palate, and also sickens the stomach, can have no good effect as a medicine, because the system cries out to be delivered from it. In WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION the desired miracle is wrought, and we have the valuable part of the oil, without the other. This effective modern remedy is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Ex-tracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. The palate accepts it as it does sugar, confectionary or cream. Taken before meals it goes to the very secret stronghold of digestive disorders: prevents and cures Nervous Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Throat and Lung Troubles and all diseases due to impurity of the blood. Dr. G. C. Shannon, of Canada, says: "I shall continue its use with, I am sure, great advantage to my patients and satis-faction to myself." Has all the virtues of cod liver oil; none of its faults. Effective from the first dose. Sold by all chemists.

precede Queen Victoria's daughters, so it is not often that these illustrious ladies meet in full state array. One parliament opening and the coronation

have seemed about enough for them. It is scarcely likely that the Duke of pay the money out of his' own pocket than allow \$2.10 when the work could be done for \$1.38.

## REAL ESTATE **TRANSACTIONS**

Recorded May 18.

K Kuhia to Mary Kupalalu; D; int in Hui land of Peahl, Hamakualoa, Maul; \$40. B 248, p 349. Dated May 13, 1908. Kwong Sing Loy Co; Co P D; dry goods etc. at Nos. 20 & 24, King street, Honoluiu Oahu; capital stock \$9000. B 245, p 340. Dated Apr. 19, 1903. Kawailola & hsb to Matie Iosua; D; 1 56-100 A in R P 891, Laupahoehoe, N, Hilo, Hawail; \$300. B 248, p 349. Dated May 14, 1903.

Recorded May 19. Recorded May 19.

Kupaka (k) to M Kapukui (w) by Atty;
D; pe land, Kallua, N Kona, Hawaii; \$25
&c. B 249, p 191. Dated July 18, 1901.

Kapika Opio (w) to G Akuna; D; int in
R P 129, Kul 6719, Kamaole, Kula, Maui;
\$25, B 250, p 39. Dated Nov. 8, 1902.

Apele (k) et als to G Akuna; D; por of
Ap 15, R P 420, Kamaole, Kula, Maui; 3
A of R P 128 Kul 6446, Kamaole, Kula,
Maui; \$150. B 250, p 40. Dated Dec. 13,
1902.

1902.
F Innis & wf et als to M Almeida; D;
Lot 1 in Gr 2539, Punchbowl St, Honolulu,
Oahu; \$1000. B 248, p 403. Dated May 4,

1903.

H D Puhi & wf to L Keawepoode! D; int in R P 1244, Kul 2945, Kaneoo, Hana, Maul; int in real property of D Puhl, dec; 560. B 248, p 405. Dated May 19, 1903.

J M Vivas by mtgee to A N Campbell; D: Aps 1 & 3 of R P 3500, Kul 3178, Kalihi, Honolulu, Oahu; \$400. B 249, p 406. Dated May 5, 1903.

Honolulu, Oahu; \$400. B 249, p 406. Dated May 5, 1903.

A N Campbell to Western & Haw'n Investment Co, Ltd; D; int in Ans 1 & 3 of R P 3500, Kul 3178, Kalihi, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 248, p 408. Dated May 6, 1903.

Recorded May 20. H S Swinton to E M Watson: D: 1-2 int in pc land &c. Beretania St. Honoiulu, Oahu; \$50. B 248, p 409. Dated Apr. 29,

M Fernandes & hab to Koloa Sugar Co. Ltd; D; int in water right of Kul 5090. Koloa, Kauai; \$1 &c. B 248, p 409. Dated Apr. 16, 1903.

## READ ALL OF THIS

When This Information May Prove of Infinite Value.

(From the Sydney, N. S. W., Herald.)
It is worth considerable to any citizen of Honolulu to know the value and use of a medicine, for if there is no On reading and filing the Petition of occasion to employ it, in the meanmany influences and unforseen contin-pa Unauna, of Koloa, died intestate at gencies that the wisest are totally un-Koloa, on the 19th day of March, A. D. able to gauge the future. Know then 1903, leaving property in the Hawaiian that Doan's Ointment will cure any Islands necessary to be administered case of hemorrhoids, commonly known upon, and praying that Letters of Acas piles, or any disease of the cuticle ministration issue to Hon. S. K. Kaili; or skin, generally termed eczema. One Read this proof:

lish in full:

St., Sydney, N. S. W., February 14, and Kuokoa newspapers in Honolulu.

Dear Sirs:-In justice to you and suffering humanity I write to say that I suffered from itching piles for 22 Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fifth years. I tried many doctors and pretty well all kinds of patent medicines, but Attest: got relief for a short time only. Seeing your Ointment advertised, I bought a pot and did not use more than onehalf of it, not six months ago, and am perfectly cured. You may use this as you wish Yours gratefully, WILLIAM GILLIVER.

Doan's cintment is sold by all dealers at 50 cents per box or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, agents for the Hawallan Islands.

## BY AUTHORITY

TERRITORY OF HAWAIL Treasurer's Office, Honolulu, Oahu.

In re Dissolution of the Judd & Com-Whereas, the Judd & Company, Limited, a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, has purprovided, duly filed in this office, a peti-

tion for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by law. Now, therefore, notice is hereby giv-en to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said corporation. that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in this office on or before 9 o'clock a. m., July 15th,

1903, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the under signed, in the Capitol Building, Honolulu, at 9 o'clock a. m., of said day, to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

A. N. KEPOIKAI, Treasurer Territory of Hawaii. Honolulu, May 6th, 1903. 2457

### COURT NOTICES

ALLEN ESTATE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII-AT CHAMBERS-IN

PROBATE. the Matter of the Estate of Samuel Clesson Allen, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased testate—Order for Notice of Hearing Petition for Probate of Will.

A Document purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Samuel Clesson Allen, deceased, having on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1903, been presented to said Probate Court, and 2 Petition for the Probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Bathsheba M. Allen, Mark P.

Building in Honolulu, Island of Oahu,

56-100 A in R P 891, Laupahoehoe, N. Hilo, Hawaii; ‡300. B 248, p 349. Dated May 14, 1903.

C Meinecke to S E Rogers et al; D; R P 1531, Kau, Hawaii; 1-2 int in R P 1532, Kau, Hawaii; 1-2 int in R P 1532, Kau, Hawaii; 1-2 int in R P 1532, Kau, Hawaii; por R P 810, Kau, Hawaii; por R P 810, Kau, Hawaii; por R P 810, Kau, Hawaii; por Kul 1450, Kau, Hawaii; por R 1450, Kau, Hawaii; por

### UNEA ESTATE

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII-IN PROBATE-AT CHAMBERS.

the Matter of the Estate of Kilikina Unea (w), late of Kalaupapa, Molokai. Deceased .- Order of Hearing and Publication of Notice for Probate of Will.

A Document purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Kilikina Unea, deceased, having on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1903, been presented to said Probate Court, and a Petition for the Probate thereof, and for the Issuance of Letters of Administration ,with Will Annexed to Jno. T. Unea having

been filed by said John T. Unea; It is hereby ordered, that Friday, the 12th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Walluku, Maul, be and the same hereby is appointed the time and place for proving said Will and hearing sald application.

Dated Wailuku, Maui, T. H., May 6th, 1903. By the Court:

L. R. CROOK.

2486-May 12, 19, 26.

UNAUNA ESTATE You Never Know the Moment IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII—AT CHAMBERS—IN

> In the Matter of the Estate of James Upapa Unauna, of Koloa, Kauai, Deceased-Order of Notice of Hear-

ing Petition for Administration, time, frail humanity is subjected to so of Honolulu, alleging that James Upa-

It is ordered that Thursday, the 4th application convinces-a continuation day of June, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said Petition in the Court known firm of Gilliver & Curtis, railway and general contractors, and whose private address is "Avoca," Bankstown, a suburb of Sydney, N. S. they have, why said Petition soulis W., has written the following unso-licited letter, which we herewith puborder be published in the English and lish in full:

Hawalian language for three successive weeks in the Hawalian Gazette

> Dated at Lihue, May 2nd, 1903. J. HARDY.

Circuit.

JNO. A. PALMER, Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit. 2484-May 5, 12, 19,

## **FORECLOSURES**

LILINOE.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Lilinoe (k) to W. R. Castle, Trustee, dated October 5, 1897, recorded liber 171, page 341, no-tice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of

interest and principal when due. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on the 6th day of June, 1903, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, attorney for mortgagee. Dated Honolulu, May 8, 1999. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE,

The premises covered by said mort-

That certain piece or parcel of land situate in Ooma, North Kona, Hawaii, and covered by homestead lot No. 51 on which was issued Grant No. 3805 to Kahinu, containing 14.80 acres. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE,

For further particulars apply to W. R. Castle or W. L. Whitney, attorneys

2487-May 15, 22, 29, June 5